BEGIN - SEPTEMBER 2, 1961

30.24-1539

A43
AMS BUDGET
NIGHT LEAD CONFERENCE (750) 30 24
BY HAROLD K. MILKS

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, SEPT. 2 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER NEHRU SHOOK THE CONFERENCE OF NONALIGNED NATIONS TODAY WITH A DEMAND THAT THEY FORGET COLONIALISM FOR A WHILE AND CONCENTRATE ON SAVING THE WORLD FROM DRIFTING INTO DISASTER.

THE VETERAN INDIAN LEADER DECLARED THE SOVIET DECISION TO RESUME NUCLEAR TESTING, OPENING THE WAY FOR TESTING ALSO BY OTHER COUNTRIES, "BRINGS US TO THE BRINK OF WAR."

"FEAR CREEPS INTO MY MIND THAT WE MIGHT NOT BE ABLE TO GET OUT OF THE RUT OF TALKING AND OF MAKING RESOLUTIONS, (THAT WE WILL BE) GOING HOME AND ALLOWING THE WORLD TO DRIFT INTO DISASTER," NEHRU SAID.

APPEALING FOR MORAL PRESSURE TO BREAK THE U.S.-SOVIET DEADLOCK OVER BERLIN, HE SAID HE CONSIDERED THE SITUATION TODAY WORSE THAN AT ANY TIME SINCE WORLD WAR II.

"I WOULD HAVE SUGGESTED A U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY MEETING ON THE QUESTION OF WAR AND PEACE IF THE ASSEMBLY WERE NOT TO MEET LATER THIS MONTH," NEHRU TOLD THE 24-NATION GATHERING.

"THE DANGER OF WAR COMES NEARER AND NEARER. BY THE RECENT DECISION OF THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT TO START NUCLEAR TESTS . . . OUR SITUATION TODAY IS THE MOST DANGEROUS SINCE WORLD WAR II ENDED, AND WE MUST DO SOMETHING, EVERYTHING WE CAN, TO HELP IT. . . . "NOTHING IS MORE IMPORTANT THAN THIS SITUATION OF WAR AND PEACE TODAY. EVERYTHING ELSE, NO MATTER HOW VITAL, IS SECONDARY."

HIS WORDS FELL ON THE EARS OF MANY DELEGATES WHOSE PRIMARY INTEREST AT THE CONFERENCE HAD BEEN THE WAGING OF AN ANTICOLONIALIST CAMPAIGN, LEAVING SUCH PROBLEMS AS BERLIN AND NUCLEAR TESTING FOR SECONDARY CONSIDERATION.

CUBA'S PRESIDENT OSVALDO DORTICOS, REPRESENTING THE ONLY WESTERN HEMISPHERE DELEGATION AT THE MEETING, FOLLOWED NEHRU TO THE ROSTRUM TO URGE THAT COLONIALISM REMAINS THE PRIMARY PROBLEM OF THE NONALIGNED NATIONS.

WHILE NEHRU COUNSELED HIS ASSOCIATES TO "USE OUR MORAL STRENGTH RIGHTLY, WITH FORCE BUT COURTESY," THE CUBAN PRESIDENT DEMANDED A SERIES OF RESOLUTIONS AIMED AT THE UNITED STATES, FRANCE, PORTUGAL, BRITAIN, AND OTHER "IMPERIALIST OR COLONIAL" POWERS.

ECHOING BOTH THE WORDS OF CUBAN PRIME MINISTER FIDEL CASTRO AND THE SOVIET LINE TO WHICH CUBA IS TIED BY POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC LINKS, DORTICOS CENTERED HIS ATTACKS ON THE UNITED STATES AND THE UNITED NATIONS.

HE DEMANDED THAT THE BELGRADE CONFERENCE RESOLVE THAT THE NEXT SESSION OF THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY DISCUSS MOVING THE U.N. HEADQUARTERS FROM NEW YORK TO SOME OTHER COUNTRY "WHERE HUMAN DIGNITY IS NOT DESPISED."

NEHRU WARNED THE CONFERENCE THAT "EVERYTHING WE HAVE OPPOSED AND STILL CONTINUE TO STRUGGLE AGAINST--IMPERIALISM, COLONIALISM, RACIALISM AND THE REST--ARE SOMEWHAT OVERSHADOWED BY THE PRESENT CRISIS."

DORTICOS PLUGGED FOR OVER-ALL DISARMAMENT, KREMLIN STYLE, AND SAID SUCH AN AGREEMENT WOULD REMOVE THE THREAT OF NUCLEAR TESTS AND POSSIBLE WAR.

MOST DELEGATIONS GAVE THE CUBAN PRESIDENT STRONG APPLAUSE WHEN HE FINISHED HIS INAUGURAL SPEECH. BUT CONFERENCE SOURCES PREDICTED HIS IDEAS WOULD BE FAR OUGWEIGHED BY NEHRU'S PLEA FOR A CAUTIOUS APPROACH TO THE BIG POWERS BY THE DELEGATES.

"WE CANNOT ORDER ABOUT BIG COUNTRIES OR EVEN SMALL ONES," THE INDIAN PRIME MINISTER WARNED. HE SAID THE NONALIGNED COUNTRIES MUST NOT SUGGEST THE LINES OF NEGOTIATIONS TO THE TWO OPPOSING WORLD BLOCS "BECAUSE WE DEAL WITH PROUD NATIONS THAT MAY REACT WRONGLY."

THOSE IN CLOSE TOUCH WITH MOST DELEGATIONS SAID THEY BELIEVED NEHRU'S INTENSE WARNING ON THE DANGER OF WAR AND HIS SUGGESTIONS FOR A CAUTIOUS APPROACH BY THE CONFERENCE WOULD RECEIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION BY THE DRAFTING COMMITTEE WHICH BEGAN TODAY THE PREPARATION OF A JOINT COMMUNIQUE.

"MANY OF THE DELEGATIONS, INCLUDING CUBA AND SOME OF THE NEW AFRICAN NATIONS HAVE MADE SHARP PLEAS FOR THE PASSAGE OF RESOLUTIONS AND THE SETTING OF DEADLINES FOR COLONIAL AND OTHER REFORMS," SAID ONE SUCH SOURCE. "BUT I THINK THE FINAL COMMUNIQUE WILL REFLECT FAR MORE THE VIEWPOINTS OF SUCH PEOPLE AS NEHRU AND BURMA'S U NU."

THE BURMESE PREMIER, LIKE NEHRU, WARNED AGAINST REVIVING RACIAL AND COLONIAL PROBLEMS AT A TIME WHEN THE EAST-WEST CRISIS OVER BERLIN THREATENS TO EXPLODE INTO WAR.

THE ARRIVAL OF THE CONGO'S LEFTWING DEPUTY-PREMIER, ANTOINE GIZENGA, AND HIS CHIEF, PREMIER CYRILLE ADOULA, TO PARTICIPATE IN THE CONFERENCE SESSIONS MAY ADD ANOTHER EXPLOSIVE ELEMENT TO THE MEETING. THEY ARE EXPECTED TOMORROW.

GIZENGA HAS GENERALLY SUPPORTED KREMLIN POLICIES, RATHER THAN A COURSE OF NONALIGNMENT IN THE CONGO AS WELL AS IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONSHIPS.

NEHRU IS SCHEDULED TO FLY TO MOSCOW WEDNESDAY FOR A MEETING WITH KHRUSHCHEV. MODERATES IN THE CONFERENCE SAID THEY HOPED NEHRU COULD SPEAK AS EFFECTIVELY TO THE SOVIET CHIEFTAIN AS HE DID TO THE NONALIGNED CONFERENCE. NEHRU WILL VISIT WASHINGTON LATER.

NEHRU WAS NOT THE ONLY DELEGATION CHIEF CRITICAL OF THE SOVIET DECISION TO BREAK THE NUCLEAR TESTING MORATORIUM AMONG THE WORLD'S BIG THREE.

PRESIDENT NASSER OF THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC SAID YESTERDAY THE RESUMPTION CAME AS A SHOCK TO HIM AND TO WORLD OPINION. PRESIDENT HABIB BOURGUIBA OF TUNISIA CRITICIZED BOTH THE SOVIET UNION AND FRANCE, WHICH HAS TESTED DEVICES OF ITS OWN IN THE SAHARA IN THE INTERVAL.

A SIMILAR REACTION WAS VOICED TODAY BY PRESIDENT KWAME NKRUMAH OF GHANA, FRESH FROM A VISIT TO MOSCOW. HE TOLD THE GATHERING THE RUSSIAN TEST BLAST FRIDAY "IS A SHOCK FOR ME AND FOR YOU TOO."

"THIS SHOCK SHOWS WHAT A BIG DANGER HUMANITY IS FACING," HE SAID.

NRHRU WAS THE DAY'S LEADING SPEAKER. WEARING A WHITE GANDHI CAP AND A KNEE-LENGTH INDIAN COAT WITH A RED ROSE INNA BUTTONHOLE, HE ASSERTED:

PEACE WILL NEVER BE ACHIEVED "UNLESS DISARMAMENT IS ACHIEVED."

HE CALLED ON THE BIG POWERS TO NEGOTIATE IN THE PRESENT CRISIS, REITERATED HIS VIEW THAT THE TWO GERMANIES MUST BE RECOGNIZED AS A "FACT OF LIFE" AND SAID WESTERN ACCESS TO BERLIN MUST BE GUARANTEED.

THE INDIAN LEADER CAUTIONED THE DELEGATES WHO REPRESENT 750 MILLION PEOPLE:

"WE. . . CANNOT ORDER ABOUT GREAT COUNTRIES, OR EVERN SMALL ONES. BUT LET US USE OUR MORAL STRENGTH RIGHTLY, WITH FORCE BUT COURTESY. . . .

"IF E CAN PREVENT WAR, WE CAN GO AHEAD WITH THESE OTHER PROBLEMS, HELP LIBERATE THOSE PARTS OF THE WORLD STILL UNDER IMPERIALISM, HELP BUILD UP PROSPEROUS SOCIETIES IN OUR OWN COUNTRIES."

THE GENERAL QUESTION OF WAR, HE SAID, SHOULD BE THE MAIN TOPIC AT THE U. N. ASSEMBLY SESSION OPENING SEPT. 19, WITH OTHER SECONDARY PROBLEMS DROPPED DOWN DOWN THE AGENDA.

NKRUMAH URGED A MEETING OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV TO SETTLE THEIR DISPUTES AND OFFERED HIS AFRICAN CAPITAL, ACCRA, AS THE SITE.

NKRUMAH ALSO CALLED ON THE CONFERENCE TO MAKE A STAND FOR FULL AND GENERAL DISARMAMENT, THE ACCEPTANCE OF TWO GERMANIES, THE COMPLETE ELIMINATION OF COLONIALISM BY THE END OF 1962, AND THE PROCLAMATION OF AFRICA AS A NUCLEAR FREE ZONE.

PREMIER SAEB SALAM OF LEBANON SAID NEGOTIATIONS SHOULD BE THE BASIS OF FOREIGN RELATIONS.

"THE WHOLE WORLD," HE SAID, "WAS SURPRISED THE SOVIETS RESUMED NUCLEAR TESTS ON THE EVE OF OUR MEETING, JUST AS WE ASKED ALL BIG POWERS TO DO EVERYTHING POSSIBLE TO PREVENT NEW CONFLICTS."

FROM DORTICOS CAME DEMANDS THAT THE CONFERENCE URGE THE IMMEDIATE RECOGNITION OF TWO GERMANYS,THE SIGNING OF A PEACE TREATY WITH EAST GERMANY AND VALIDATION OF THE POTSDAM BOUNDARIES FOR GERMANY--ALL ITEMS FROM THE SOVIET PROGRAM.

DORTICOS ACCUSED THE UNITED STATES OF IMPOSIBG ITS OCCUPANCY OF THE GUANTANAMO BAY NAVAL BASE ON CUBA, THEN USING THE BASE TO ORGANIZE OR THREATEN MILITARY AGGRESSION AGAINST PRIME MINISTER FIDEL CASTRO'S REGIME. HE CALLED FOR "A FIRM RESOLUTION DEMANDING THE IMMEDIATE WITHDRAWAL OF MILITARY BASES FROM COUNTRIES WHOSE PEOPLE DO NOT CONSENT TO THEIR PRESENCE."

IRAQ'S FOREIGN MINISTER HASHEM JAWAD SAID GERMANY SHOULD BE MADE A NEUTRAL AREA. THE DIVISION OF GERMANY, HE SAID, IS A REALITY AND "IT IS IMPERATIVE TO RECOGNIZE THE SITUATION."

JAWAD ALSO CALLED FOR INTERNATIONAL CONTROL OF NUCLEAR POWER BUT DEVOTED MOST OF HIS 43-MINUTE SPEECH TO AN ATTACK ON COLONIALISM. HE CHARGED THAT THE WEST SINCE WORLD WAR II "HAS USED MORE FORCE AND VIOLENCE AGAINST FREEDOM MOVEMENTS THAN AGAINST COMMUNIST STATES."

THE SESSION ENDED SHORTLY BEFORE 7 P.M. ARCHBISHOP MAKARIOS, PRESIDENT OF CYPRUS, WILL BE FIRST SPEAKER SUNDAY.

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U R G E N T

NIGHT LEAD CONGO--UNALIGNED A65

BELGRADE, SEPT. 2 (AP)-THE CONFERENCE OF NONALIGNED NATIONS TONIGHT ANNOUNCED IT HAS INVITED THE CONGO TO FULL PARTICIPATION IN THE MEETINGS.

IT SAID THE COMPOSITION OF THE CONGO DELEGATION AND THE TIME OF ITS ARRIVAL ARE NOT YET KNOWN.

OTHER SOURCES SAID THE CONGOLESE, FLYING HERE IN A YUGOSLAV PLANE SENT TO FETCH THEM, ARE EXPECTED EARLY SUNDAY.

THE DELEGATION IS EXPECTED TO BE HEADED BY CONGO PREMIER CYRILE ~~ABBOULA~~ ADOULA AND VICE PREMIER ANTONINE GIZENGA.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT ENDED UNCERTAINTY AS TO WHETHER THE CONGO WOULD BE THE 25TH NATION FULLY REPRESENTED HERE OR MERELY A SPECIAL GUEST.

INDIA'S PRIME MINISTER NEHRU TOLD THE CONFERENCE: "I AM GLAD TO LEARN THAT POSSIBLY BY TOMORROW WE WILL HAVE HERE IN THIS ASSEMBLY THE PRIME MINISTER AND DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER OF THE CONGO GOVERNMENT."

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A81

NUCLEAR REACTION (680)

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, SEPT. 2 (AP)-SEVERAL LEADERS OF THE SOCALLED NEUTRAL NATIONS MEETING HERE EXPRESSED SHOCK TODAY AT THE SOVIET DECISION TO RESUME NUCLEAR TESTS. OTHERS VOICED MILD CRITICISM.

SOME OF THE 24 COUNTRIES REPRESENTED AT THE MEETING HAD NO COMMENT. ONE, PRESIDENT OSVALDO DORTICOS OF CUBA, REACTED ALONG THE COMMUNIST LINE THAT THE PROBLEM OF NUCLEAR TESTING IS SUBORDINATE TO AGREEMENT ON COMPLETE DISARMAMENT.

HERE IS A COUNTRY-BY-COUNTRY REPORT OF THE COMMENTS ON THE SOVIET DECISION BY LEADERS OR OTHER OFFICIALS OF THE 24 COUNTRIES:

AFGHANISTAN--A. R. RAZWAK SAID PRIME MINISTER SARDAR DAUD "WAS DEEPLY SHOCKED BY THE NEWS. WE HOPE THAT THE MENACE OF NUCLEAR WAR WILL BE AVERTED."

BURMA--PREMIER U NU SAID "THE COLD WAR AS TAKEN A SHARP RTURN FOR THE WORSE. TODAY THE SITUATION IS CLOSER TO WAR THAN TO COEXISTENCE."

CAMBIDIA--DECLINED COMMENT. (THE CAMBODIAN NEWSPAPER DEPECHE DU CAMBODGE, HOWEVER, SAID THE SOVIET DECISION WOULD BE "DISAPPROVED AND CONDEMNED BY INTERNATIONAL OPINION."

CEYLON--DECLINED COMMENT.

CUBA--PRESIDENT OSVALDO DORTICOS SAID (IN A SPEECH): "THE PROBLEM OF STOPPING NUCLEAR TESTS IS SUBORDINATE TO ACHIEVING COMPLETE DISARMAMENT AND HALTING CONFLICTS THAT CREATE THE DANGER OF WAR. COMPLETE DISARMAMENT WOULD ITSELF END NUCLEAR TESTS."

JOSE ANTONION PORTUINDO, CUBAN AMBASSADOR TO MEXICO, SAID (TO A REPORTER): "IT IS LAMENTED THAT THE GREAT NATIONS LIKE FRANCE AND THE IMPERIALISTS OF THE UNITED STATES HAVE BLOCKED REPEATEDLY ALL ATTEMPTS TO AGREE ON TOTAL DISARMAMENT, INCLUDING THE SUPPRESSION OF NUCLEAR ARMS, WHICH HAS FORCED THE SOVIET UNION INTO THE DECISION TO RESUME ITS TESTING OF NUCLEAR ARMS, SUSPENDED BY THAT COUNTRY UNILATERLLY SOME TIME AGO."

CYPRUS--DECLINED COMMENT.

ETHIOPIA--MEBA SELASSIE ALEMU, PRESS OFFICER FOR EMPEROR HAILE SELASSIE, SAID (TO A REPORTER): "AT THIS TIME ALL SHOULD CONCENTRATE TOWARD RELAXING WORLD TENSIONS. BUT THE (SOVIET) RESUMPTION OF NUCLEAR TESTS MAKES THE SITUATION MORE DANGEROUS."

GHANA--PRESIDENT KWAME NKRUMAH SAID (IN A SPEECH): "IT (THE RUSSIAN DECISION) IS A SHOCK FOR ME AND FOR YOU TOO. THIS SHOCK SHOWS WHAT A BIG DANGER HUMANITY IS FACING."

GUINEA--DECLINED COMMENT.

INDIA--PRIME MINISTER NEHRU SAID (INA SPEECH): "THE DANGER OF WAR COMES NEARER AND NEARER BY THE RECENT DECISION OF THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT TO START NUCLEAR TESTS. I'M NOT IN A POSITION TO KNOW ALL THE FACTS UNDERLYING THE DECISION, BUT I KNOW THIS DECISION MAKES THE SITUATION MUCH MORE DANGEROUS, AND THEREFORE I REGRET IT DEEPLY BECAUSE IT MAY LEAD TO OTHER COUNTRIES STARTING (TESTS). ASIDE FROM NUCLEAR FALLOUT ALL THIS BRINGS US MUCH CLOSER TO THE VERGE OF WAR."

INDONESIA--DELCINED COMMENT.

IRAQ--DECLINED COMMENT.

LEBANON--PREMIER SAEB SALAM (IN A SPEECH) SAID "THE WHOLE WORLD WAS SURPRISED BY THE SOVIET RESUMPTION OF NUCLEAR TESTS ON THE EVE OF OUR MEETING, JUST AS WE ASKED ALL BIG POWERS TO DO EVERYTHING POSSIBLE TO PREVENT A NEW CONFLICT."

MALI--DEMBA DIALLO, AMBASSADOR TO GUINEA, SAID (TO A REPORTER): "THE RUSSIAN DECISION IS A SEVERE THREAT TO WORLD PEACE."

MOROCCO--DECLINED COMMENT.

NEPAL--DECLINED COMMENT.

SAUDI ARABIA--A SPOKESMAN FOR FOREIGN MINISTER SHEIK IBRAHIM SUWEIL SAID (TO A REPORTER): "ANYTHING WHICH HINDERS PEACE IS

CONSIDERED AGAINST OUR POLICY X X X AND NUCLEAR TESTS ARE CONTRARY TO WORLD INTERESTS."

SOMALIA--HAGI IBRAHIM, MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SAID (TO A REPORTERS): "THE RUSSIAN DECISION CONSTITUTED ANOTHER EXAMPLE OF NEGATIVE WILL BY THE WORLD'S LEADING POWERS TO DISCUSS EFFECTIVELY THE ROAD TO PEACE."

SUDAN--PRESIDENT IBRAHIM ABBOUD (IN A SPEECH) CALLED ONTHE BIG POWERS TO AGREE IMMEDIATELY TO BAN ATOMIC TEST EXPLOSIONS.

TUNISIA--PRESIDENT HABIB BOURGUIBA (IN A SPEECH) CRITICIZED BOTH RUSSIA AND FRANCE FOR CONDUCTING NUCLEAR TESTS.

UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC--PRESIDENT GAMAL ABDUL NASSER SAID (IN A SPEECH): "ANOTHER CAUSE FOR DEEP REGRET IS THE FACT THAT IN THIS ATMOSPHERE, FILLED WITH ANXIETY, THE GOVERNMENT OF THE SOVIET UNION FOUND ITSELF IN A POSITION WHICH, ACCORDING TO ITS OWN POINT OF VIEW, LEADS IT TO THE RESUMPTION OF NUCLEAR TESTS..."

YEMEN--PRINCE SEIFUL ISLAM EL HASSAN SAID (TO A REPORTER): "YEMEN HAS BEEN OPPOSED TO NUCLEAR TESTING."

YUGOSLAVIA--FOREIGN MINISTER KOCA POPOVIC SAID (IN A STATEMENT): "WE REGRET VERY MUCH THAT FRUITLESS NEGOTIATIONS IN GENEVA SEEKING A BAN ON NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS, AS WELL AS DETERIORATION BETWEEN THE SOVIET UNION AND THE UNITED STATES, HAD AS A CONSEQUENCE THE RUSSIAN DECISION TO RESUME NUCLEAR TESTS."

ALGERIAN PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT--DECLINED COMMENT.

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AP10

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, SEPT. 3 (AP)-YUGOSLAVIA'S PRESIDENT TITO EXPRESSED SURPRISE TODAY THE SOVIET UNION HAD TIMED ITS ANNOUNCEMENT ON RESUMING NUCLEAR TESTS ON THE EVE OF THE BELGRADE CONFERENCE OF NONALIGNED NATIONS.

TITO CALLED FOR A WORLD DISARMAMENT MEETING TO GET ARMS TALKS GOING AGAIN AND TRY TO FORCE THE NUCLEAR POWERS TO APPROACH THE PROBLEM IN A NEW WAY.

"THERE IS A DEADLOCK OVER A BAN ON ATOMIC EXPERIMENTS," TITO TOLD THE 24 NATIONS ATTENDING THE PARLEY. "FRANCE DOES NOT OBSERVE IT. OTHER WESTERN COUNTRIES WHICH HAVE ATOMIC ARMS DO NOT OPPOSE FRANCE ENERGETICALLY."

"NOW THE SOVIET DECISION," HE CONTINUED. "WE ARE NOT SURPRISED MUCH BY IT. WE COULD UNDERSTAND IT. BUT WE ARE SURPRISED THAT IT CAME ON THE DAY OF THIS CONFERENCE OF PEACE."

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A18 (410)

AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD NUCLEAR

BY PRESTON GROVER

MOSCOW, SEPT. 2 (AP)-THE SOVIET PUBLICITY MACHINE SWUNG INTO HIGH GEAR TODAY TO MAKE THE TEST EXPLOSION OF A NUCLEAR WEAPON HIGH OVER CENTRAL ASIA APPEAR TO BE IN THE INTERESTS OF PEACE AND WORLD WELFARE.

THE EXPLOSION ITSELF HAS NOT BEEN REPORTED IN THE PRESS OR ON THE RADIO IN MOSCOW, BUT THE DECISION TO SHOOT OFF THIS NUCLEAR DEVICE OCCUPIED MOST OF THE ATTENTION OF THE PRESS. TODAY'S ISSUE OF PRAVDA, THE PRINCIPAL SOVIET MOUTHPIECE, CARRIED STATEMENTS BY THE SOVIET PEACE COMMITTEE AND THE ORGANIZATION OF SOVIET BIOLOGISTS DECLARING THEIR APPROVAL OF AN ACTION WHICH ONLY A FEW WEEKS AGO THEY ACTIVELY DENOUNCED.

THE ACTION OF THE PEACE COMMITTEE WAS EMBLAZONED ON PAGE ONE, BUT THE DECLARATION OF THE BIOLOGISTS, WHO HAD A HARDER CASE TO MAKE, WAS CARRIED UNDER SMALL HEADLINES ON AN INSIDE PAGE. THE STORY SAID THE BIOLOGICAL BRANCH OF THE ACADEMY OF SCIENCES MET AND APPROVED THE STATEMENT ABOUT RESUMPTION OF NUCLEAR TESTS.

"THE SCIENTISTS AND BIOLOGISTS," PRAVDA SAID, "ADMITTED THAT THIS FORCED MEASURE CORRESPONDS TO THE PRESENT INTERNATIONAL SITUATION AND STRENGTHENS THE ARMED FORCES OF THE SOVIET UNION. EQUIPPING THEM

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WITH MODERN NUCLEAR WEAPONS WILL BE A HIGH AND MIGHTY BLOW ON THE WAR MONGERS AND A POWERFUL FORCE IN STRENGTHENING PEACE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

"THE DECISION STRESSES THAT THE BIOLOGISTS AND SCIENTISTS ARE UNANIMOUS WITH THEIR OWN SOVIET GOVERNMENT THAT RENEWAL OF EXPLOSIONS OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS UNDER PRESENT CONDITIONS IS IN THE INTEREST OF STRENGTHENING THE MIGHT OF THE SOCIALIST CAMP, AND OF THE WHOLE PROGRESS OF MANKIND."

PERHAPS AN EVEN GREATER TURN-ABOUT WAS ACCOMPLISHED BY THE SOVIET PEACE COMMITTEE.

"WE, THE SOVIET PEACE CHAMPIONS, HAVE ALWAYS BEEN AGAINST NUCLEAR TESTS," THE STATEMENT SAID. "BUT WHAT CAN ONE DO IF THE UNITED STATES AND ITS ALLIES ARE THREATENING TO DESTROY OUR TOWNS AND VILLAGES, TO TURN WHOLE REGIONS INTO ATOMIC DESERTS, TO KILL MILLIONS OF SOVIET PEOPLE?"

TO WESTERNERS HERE IT APPEARED AN EXTRAORDINARY STATEMENT IN THE LIGHT OF THE REPEATED DECLARATIONS BY PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV AND OTHERS IN RECENT WEEKS THAT ANY EFFORT TO USE FORCE ON THE BERLIN CORRIDORS WOULD BRING ON A NUCLEAR WAR, CONVERT GERMANY, ENGLAND, ITALY, GREECE AND THE UNITED STATES INTO VIRTUAL ASH HEAPS.

THE PEACE COMMITTEE THEN DENOUNCED THE "HYPOCRISY OF THE POSITION OF THE UNITED STATES AND ITS NATO ALLIES," DECLARING THAT EVEN DURING THE NEGOTIATIONS IN GENEVA, FRANCE CONTINUED TO EXPLODE TEST WEAPONS. IT DID NOT MENTION THAT THEY WERE RELATIVELY PRIMITIVE EFFORTS, DESIGNED TO QUALIFY FRANCE AS AN ATOMIC POWER.

THE EXPLOSION YESTERDAY, IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE SOVIET ANNOUNCEMENT THAT IT WAS BREAKING THE TEST MORATORIUM, APPEARED TO INDICATE PREPARATION HAD BEEN UNDER WAY IN RUSSIA FOR SOME TIME.

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A75

(150)

MOSCOW, SEPT. 2 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION, FOLLOWING UP ITS DECISION TO RESUME NUCLEAR TESTS, ANNOUNCED PLANS TONIGHT TO INCREASE WORKING HOURS IN SOME INDUSTRIES "IN THE INTERESTS OF FURTHER STRENGTHENING THE DEFNSES OF THE COUNTRY."

THE DISCLOSURE CAME IN A STATEMENT BY THE STATE-CONTROLLED COUNCIL OF TRADE UNIONS DUTIFULLY SUPPORTING THE RENEWAL OF NUCLEAR TESTING..

THE STATEMENT, CARRIED BY THE TASS NEWS AGENCY, MAKES IT VIRTUALLY CERTAIN THAT A DECISION TO INCREASE WORKING HOURS ALREADY HAS BEEN TAKEN. THE ATTEMPT TO PASS OFF SUCH A DECISION AS THE SPONTANEOUS DEMAND OF WORKERS IS ROUTINE IN THE SOVIET PROPAGANDA SYSTEM.

THE TRADE UNION COUNCIL SAID "THE WORKERS OF A NUMBER OF INDUSTRIAL ENTERPRISES IN THE U. S. S. R. HAVE ADRESSED THE COMMUNIST PARTY WITH A PROPOSAL TO SWITCH SOME ENTERPRISES TO AN EIGHT-HOUR WORKING DAY. . ."

MOST SOVIET FACTORIES WORK A SIX-DAY WEEK. COMMUNIST OFFICIALS HAD PROMISED TO PUT ALL HEAVY WORKERS ON A SIX-HOUR DAY BY THE END OF LAST YEAR. PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV EARLIER THIS YEAR MADE CONSIDERABLE PROPAGANDA PLAY WITH PROMISES OF A FIVE-HOUR DAY.

JE511PED (SEVEN HOUR DAY AND A

A89

MOSCOW, SUNDAY, SEPT. 3 (AP)-SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV, IN A STATEMENT PUBLISHED HERE EARLY TODAY, SAID AGREEMENTS ON GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT "WOULD MEAN THE TERMINATION OF THE NUCLEAR TESTS WHICH CAUSE MANKIND SO MUCH ANXIETY."

KHRUSHCHEV MADE THE STATEMENT IN A PERSONALLY WRITTEN INTRODUCTION

FOR A COLLECTION OF DOCUMENTS ON THE GERMAN QUESTION BEING PUBLISHED IN THE UNITED STATES, THE OFFICIAL NEWS AGENCY TASS REPORTED.

THE TASS SUMMARY OF THE ARTICLE DID NOT INDIICATE WHETHER KHRUSHCHEV HAD WRITTEN IT BEFORE OR AFTER THE DECISION ANNOUNCED THURSDAY TO RESUME SOVIET NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS.

HIS REMARKS CAME AT THE END OF A DISCUSSION OF THE BERLIN CRISIS IN WHICH HE CLAIMED A SEPARATE PEACE TREATY WITHCOMMUNIST EAST GERMANY WOULD PAVE THE WAY TOWARD A SETTLEMENT OF THE PROBLEM OF GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT.

"AND A SETTLEMENT OF THE DISARMAMENT QUESTION WOULD MEAN THE TERMINATION OF THE NUCLEAR TESTS WHICH CAUSE MANKIND SO MUCH ANXIETY," HE ADDED.

TASS SAID THE KHRUSHCHEV ARTICLE HAD BEEN PUBLISHED BY THE CROSS CURRENTS PRESS OF 156 FIFTH AVEM, NEW YORK 10, N. Y.

JF624PED

A7WX
(460) PMS BUDGET
U.S.-NUCLEAR THEORIES
BY W.B. RAGSDALE JR.

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 2 (AP)-RUSSIA'S FIRST NUCLEAR WEAPONS TEST IN THRE YEARS HAS TRIGGERED SPECULATION THAT SOVIET SCIENTISTS TESTED A COMPONENT FOR ONE OF THE SUPERBOMBS ABOUT WHICH PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV HAS BOASTED.

THE WHITE HOUSE ANNOUNCEMENT YESTERDAY DESCRIBED THE BLAST AS "IN TH INTERMEDIATE RANGE." THIS WOULD BE, ACCORDING TO U.S. SCIENTISTS, A BLAST WITH A FORCE RANGING FROM THE EQUIVALENT OF 20,000 TONS OF TNT UP TO 500,000 TONS.

KHRUSHCHEV, IN ANNOUNCING A RESUMPTION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS WEDNESDAY, SAID RUSSIAN SCIENTISTS NOW WOULD PROCEED TO DEVELOP A 100 MEGA TON BOMB, EQUIVALENT TO 100 MILLION TONS OF TNT.

U.S. EXPERTS DO NOT CONSIDER THE SIZE OF THE LATEST SOVIET BLAST SIGNIFICANT. THEY SAID AN EXPLOSION IN THE INTERMEDIATE RANGE COULD BE USED TO TEST COMPONENTS ESSENTIAL TO THE SUCCESSFUL DEVELOPMENT OF HUGE NUCLEAR WEAPONS. SMALLER NUCLEAR WEAPONS ARE USED TO TRIGGER THE HIGH YIELD BLASTS.

ANOTHER THEORY, EXPRESSED BY DR. RALPH LAPP, IS THAT THE BLAST MAY HAVE BEEN A STEP IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF A SUPER WARHEAD FOR A MINUTEMAN-TYPE INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE.

LAPP, A NUCLEAR PHYSICIST WHO IS NOT ASSOCIATED WITH THE GOVERNMEN BUT MAKES A CLOSE STUDY OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS, SPECULATED THE RUSSIANS MAY HAVE EXPLODED THE DEVICE BEFORE OR SHORTLY AFTER THEY ANNOUNCED THEIR INTENTION TO RESUME NUCLEAR TESTS.

THE BLAST, LAPP SAID, MAY HAVE BEEN A TEST OF A TRIGGER OR SOME OTHER COMPONENT OF A 1 OR 2 MEGATON MISSILE WARHEAD.

HE EXPLAINED: "WITH THE AMERICAN U2 (SPY PLANE) ACTIVITIES ALREADY KNOWN, AND THE SAMOS (SPY-IN-THE-SKY) SATELLITE PENDING, THE RUSSIANS ARE NO LONGER SECURE WITH THEIR HUGE LIQUID-FUELED ICBMS.

"THEREFORE I BELIEVE THE RUSSIAN GENERALS ARE NOW CONVINCED THEY WILL HAVE TO REPLACE THEIR LARGE-YIELD ICBMS WITH SMALLER ONES, LIKE OUR MINUTEMAN--BUT THAT THEY INTEND TO ARM THEM WITH A SUPER WARHEAD."

LAPP SAIDHE ESTIMATES THE WARHEADS ON RUSSIA'S BIG LIQUID-FUELED ICBMS RANGE UP TO 8 MEGATON. HE SAID HE BELIEVES THE RUSSIANS FEEL THES BIG MISSILES ARE VULNERABLE TO SURPRISE ATTACK.

THE AMERICAN MINUTEMAN IS A THREE-STAGE, SOLID FUEL ICBM WHICH LAPP ESTIMATES WILL CARRY A WARHEAD WITH A PUNCH EQUAL TO 500,000 TONS OF TNT IT IS DESIGNED TO BE FIRED FROM CONCRETE UNDERGROUND "SILOS" OR MOVED ABOUT ON RAILROAD FLATCARS.

LAPP SAID THE MINUTEMAN PROBABLY WOULD BE FIRED AT RUSSIAN CITIES IN RESPONSE TO SOVIET ATTACK AND WOULD BE EFFECTIVE AGAINST THOSE TARGETS.

HOWEVER, HE SAID RUSSIA'S TARGETS IN A SURPRISE ATTACK WOULD BE ATLAS, TITAN AND MINUTEMAN SITES IN AN EFFORT TO PREVENT ANY U.S. COUNTERATTACK.

TO BE SUCCESSFUL, LAPP SAID, THE RUSSIANS WOULD NEED A LARGER WARHEAD THAN THAT USED ON THE U.S. MINUTEMAN MISSILES.

LAPP SAID HE DOUBTED THE RUSSIANS WOULD TEST A 100 MEGATON WEAPON ON OR CLOSE ABOVE THEIR OWN TERRITORY. SUCH A TEST, HE SAID, MIGHT WELL RENDER AS MUCH AS 50,000 SQUARE MILES OF TERRITORY UNINHABITABLE FOR A LONG TIME BECAUSE OF RADIOACTIVE CONTAMINATION.

BUT FOR PROPAGANDA PURPOSES, HE SAID, THE RUSSIANS MIGHT DETONATE A BOMB ON THE ORDER OF 60 MEGATONS HIGH ABOVE THE SOVIET UNION.

A BLAST OF THIS SIZE, TRIGGERED AT NIGHT AT AN ALTITUDE OF ABOUT 300 MILES, COULD LIGHT UP THE SKY OVER A VAST AREA EXTENDING OVER ASIA AND EUROPE "AND EVEN DOWN TO INDIA," LAPP SAID.

BU335AED

A5WX
(520) PMS BUDGET
U.S.-NUCLEAR
BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 2 (AP)-RUSSIA'S EXPLOSION OF A NUCLEAR TEST DEVICE WAS EXPECTED TODAY TO HASTEN A DECISION BY PRESIDENT KENNEDY ON RESUMPTION OF U.S. NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTING.

WELL INFORMED OFFICIALS NOW CONSIDER IT LIKELY KENNEDY WILL MAKE A DECISION EARLY NEXT WEEK AND THAT IT WILL BE TO START UP U.S. TESTING AGAIN. THE LAST U.S. TEST EXPLOSIONS WERE HELD IN THE FALL OF 1958.

IT WAS ALSO LEARNED THAT THE ADMINISTRATION IS CONSIDERING SOME MODIFICATION OF THE SECRECY POLICY COVERING THIS COUNTRY'S NUCLEAR WEAPONS ARSENAL. THE REASON: TO GIVE THE AMERICAN PEOPLE AND THE WORLD A BETTER IDEA OF THE AMOUNT OF ATOMIC FORCE AVAILABLE TO THE UNITED STATES FOR ITS OWN DEFENSE AND THE DEFENSE OF ITS ALLIES.

KENNEDY SAID THURSDAY, AFTER A MEETING WITH CABINET OFFICIALS AND CONGRESSIONAL LEADERS, THAT THIS COUNTRY'S ATOMIC WEAPONS SYSTEMS WERE "WHOLLY ADEQUATE" TO DEAL WITH THE POLICY OF "ATOMIC BLACKMAIL" WHICH HE DECLARED WAS NOW BEING PRACTICED BY RUSSIA.

BUT SOME OF THE PRESIDENT'S ADVISERS FEEL THAT THE PUBLIC, HERE AND ABROAD, SHOULD BE GIVEN A BETTER IDEA OF THE PROPORTIONS OF AMERICAN STRENGTH AND THE MILITARY PURPOSES FOR WHICH IT IS DESIGNED. AMONG OTHER OBJECTIVES. THEY EVIDENTLY WOULD LIKE TO DRAMATIZE AND MAKE UNDERSTANDABLE WHAT THEY NOW CALL RUSSIA'S "POLICY OF OVERKILL."

THAT TERM WAS USED BY AMBASSADOR ARTHUR H. DEAN IN A STATEMENT AT THE WHITE HOUSE YESTERDAY FOLLOWING A MEETING WITH THE PRESIDENT. AT THE MEETING DEAN REPORTED ON HIS FRUITLESS NEGOTIATIION WITH RUSSIAN REPRESENTATIVES AT GENEVA ON A NUCLEAR WEAPONS TEST BAN TREATY. REFERRING TO SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S STATEMENTS ABOUT DEVELOPMENT OF A 100-MEGATON NUCLEAR BOMB, DEAN SAID "THE SOVIET POLICY IS THE POLICY OF OVERKILL."

THE TERM COMES FROM MILITARY SOURCES AND MEANS THE DESTRUCTION OF HUMAN LIFE BEYOND THE LIMITS OF MILITARY NECESSITY. ONE OF THE POINTS WHICH THE PROPOSED STATEMENT ON U.S. NUCLEAR WEAPONS CAPACITY WOULD BRING OUT IS THAT AMERICAN BOMBS HAD BEEN DEVELOPED FOR MILITARY PURPOSES AND NOT FOR MAXIMUM DESTRUCTIVE CAPACITY APART FROM MILITARY CONSIDERATIONS.

THE WHITE HOUSE ANNOUNCED YESTERDAY THE FIRST SOVIET NUCLEAR EXPLOSION KNOWN TO THIS COUNTRY SINCE RUSSIA, THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN IMPOSED MORATORIUMS AND BEGAN THEIR TEST BAN CONFERENCE AT GENEVA ALMOST THREE YEARS AGO.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID THAT THE SOVIET TEST EXPLOSION WAS IN THE AREA OF SEMIPALATINSK IN CENTRAL ASIA.

"THE DEVICE TESTED HAD A SUBSTANTIAL YIELD IN THE INTERMEDIATE RANGE," THE STATEMENT SAID. "IT WAS DETONATED IN THE ATMOSPHERE."

IN LONDON, A BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID THE EXPLOSION IN THE ATMOSPHERE RATHER THAN UNDERGROUND "INCREASES BY AN AMOUNT AS YET UNKNOWN THE DANGER TO HEALTH FROM RADIOACTIVITY."

THE WHITE HOUSE STATEMENT GAVE NO DETAIL OF HOW THE EXPLOSION WAS DETECTED, BUT OFFICIALS INDICATED THAT THE INITIAL EVIDENCE WAS OBTAINED THROUGH DEVICES THAT ARE SENSITIVE TO EARTH AND ATMOSPHERIC SHOCK WAVES SET OFF BY NUCLEAR BURSTS. PRESUMABLY, AS RADIOACTIVITY IN THE ATMOSPHERE IS MEASURED AND ANALYZED, FURTHER INFORMATION WILL BECOME AVAILABLE TO THE GOVERNMENT ABOUT THE NATURE OF THE EXPLOSION.

THE SOVIET DECISION TO RESUME TESTING WAS ANNOUNCED WEDNESDAY NIGHT AND SINCE THAT TIME THE PRESIDENT AND HIS ADVISERS AWAITED AN ACTUAL EXPLOSION. U.S. PLANES, SHIPS AND LAND BASES SCATTERED AROUND THAT AREA OF SOVIET TERRITORY WERE ON THE ALERT FOR EVIDENCE BECAUSE NO ONE HERE KNOW WHETHER OR NOT THE RUSSIANS WOULD ANNOUNCE THE TEST.

MEANWHILE, THE WHITE HOUSE CONCENTRATED IN ITS PUBLIC STATEMENTS ON THE PROPAGANDA ASPECTS OF THE NEW SITUATION CREATED BY RUSSIA. OFFICIALS SAID THEY WANTED TO ALLOW MAXIMUM TIME FOR THE IMPACT OF THE SOVIET DECISION TO MAKE ITSELF FELT ON GOVERNMENTS AND PEOPLES OUTSIDE THE SOVIET BLOC. THE JUDGMENT HERE WAS THAT THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT WAS PAYING A VERY HIGH PRICE IN GOODWILL, PARTICULARLY AMONG NEUTRALIST COUNTRIES, FOR ITS DECISION.

THUS, THERE WAS NO IMMEDIATE ANNOUNCEMENT CONCERNING U.S. NUCLEAR TESTING PLANS, ALTHOUGH THE PROBLEM AS TO WHETHER THIS COUNTRY SHOULD RESUME TESTING WAS PUT UNDER PROMPT CONSIDERATION IN THE HIGHEST COUNCILS OF THE GOVERNMENT. THE FEELING WAS THAT APART FROM THE PROPAGANDA CONSIDERATION, THE PRESIDENT SHOULD NOT TAKE ANY HASTY ACTION UNTIL THE WORLD KNEW HOW THE SOVIETS WERE FOLLOWING UP THEIR DECISION--UNTIL, IN OTHER WORDS, THEY SET OFF AN EXPLOSION.

AS ONE OFFICIAL PUT IT, "THEY HAD DROPPED ONE SHOE. WE WERE WAITING FOR THE OTHER ONE."

INFORMANTS SAID THAT IF AND WHEN THE UNITED STATES DOES START TESTIN AGAIN IT WILL CONFINE ITS EXPLOSIONS OF NUCLEAR DEVICES TO UNDERGROUND TUNNELS SO THAT THERE WILL BE NO DANGER OF CREATING POISONOUS RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS IN THE ATMOSPHERE. EXPERTS SAY THAT UNDERGROUND EXPLOSIONS ARE ADEQUATE FOR TESTING WEAPONS DEVICES.

OFFICIALS SAID THEY HAD NO WAY OF KNOWING IMMEDIATELY WHAT KIND OF DEVICES THE SOVIETS TRIED OUT YESTERDAY. THE MAGNITUDE OF THE BLAST, ESTIMATED TO BE SOMEWHERE BETWEEN 20,000 TONS AND 500,000 TONS OF EQUIVALENT TNT FORCE, WAS SUFFICIENTLY LARGE TO WARRANT SPECULATION THAT THEY WERE TESTING COMPONENTS OF KHRUSHCHEV'S MUCH BOASTED SUPERBOMB. BUT THE SUPERBOMB, ACCORDING TO THE SOVIET PREMIER'S STATEMENTS, WOULD HAVE A FORCE OF UP TO 100 MILLION TONS AND THE ACTUAL EXPLOSION WAS FAR BELOW THAT LEV433
BELOW THAT LEVEL.

A9WX BU433AED
(450) PMS BUDGET
DEAN
BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 2 (AP)-AMBASSADOR ARTHUR H. DEAN, JUST RETURNED FROM THE FOUNDERING NUCLEAR TEST TALKS AT GENEVA, IS SLATED TO BE NAMED AS U.S. DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATOR IF THE UNITED STATES SUCCEEDS IN ARRANGING A GENERAL DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE LATER THIS YEAR WITH THE SOVIET UNION.

PRESIDENT KENNEDY IS REPORTED TO BE DEEPLY IMPRESSED WITH DEAN'S SKILL AND HARD-HEADED BARGAINING ABILITY IN HIS NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE COMMUNISTS TO DATE. INFORMANTS SAID THE PRESIDENT INTENDS TO KEEP DEAN IN SOME HIGH POSITION IN THE ADMINISTRATION, AND THE WORD IS THAT IF TH DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE CAN BE SET UP HE WILL HEAD THE DELEGATION.

MEANWHILE HE IS ALREADY ASSIGNED AS A MEMBER OF THE U.S. DELEGATION TO THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY OPENING AT NEW YORK SEPT. 19. IN THAT CAPACITY HE PRESUMABLY WOULD HANDLE MUCH OF THE DEBATE NOW EXPECTED TO TAKE PLACE ON THE FAILURE OF THE GENEVA NEGOTIATIONS FOR A NUCLEAR TES BAN AND RUSSIA'S RESUMPTION OF ATOMIC WEAPONS TESTING.

DEAN AND JOHN J. MCCLOY, KENNEDY'S CHIEF DISARMAMENT POLICY ADVISER CONFERRED WITH THE PRESIDENT AT THE WHITE HOUSE YESTERDAY IMMEDIATELY

30.24-1543

AFTER DEAN'S RETURN TO WASHINGTON. HE WAS SUMMONED HOME WEDNESDAY AFTER THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCED ITS DECISION TO RENEW NUCLEAR TEST EXPLOSIONS.

WHETHER BROADSCALE EAST-WEST DISARMAMENT TALKS CAN BE STARTED ANY TIME IN FUTURE MONTHS IS STILL AN OPEN QUESTION. MCCLOY IS DUE TO OPEN A NEW ROUND OF DISCUSSIONS ON THIS PROBLEM WITH SOVIET REPRESENTATIVE VALERIAN ZORIN IN NEW YORK WEDNESDAY. THEY HAVE HAD TWO SERIES OF MEETINGS, ONE HERE AND ONE IN MOSCOW. BOTH WERE INCONCLUSIVE.

DEAN, 62, IS A NEW YORK LAWYER--A MEMBER OF THE FIRM OF SULLIVAN AND CROMWELL, OF WHICH THE LATE SECRETARY OF STATE JOHN FOSTER DULLES WAS ONCE SENIOR PARTNER.

HE HAS HAD EXTENSIVE EXPERIENCE IN NEGOTIATIONS INVOLVING COMMUNIST REPRESENTATIVES. IN 1953 HE SERVED AS U.S. AMBASSADOR IN DISCUSSIONS AT PANMUNJOM, KOREA, ON A KOREAN PEACE CONFERENCE AND REPORTED LATER THE COMMUNIST SIDE THERE WAS USING THE MEETING AS A PROPAGANDA FORUM.

"THEY INSULT YOU ALL DAY LONG," HE WRYLY COMMENTED.

DEAN DEMONSTRATED PATIENCE AND SKILLFUL MANEUVERING ABILITY, STICKING WITH THE KOREAN TALKS UNTIL HE DECIDED THEY WERE GETTING NOWHERE, AT WHICH POINT HE STALKED OFF.

IN 1958 AND 1960, THE VETERAN LAWYER HEADED U.S. DELEGATIONS TO CONFERENCES AT GENEVA ON THE LAW OF THE SEA.

LAST SPRING, AFTER KENNEDY HAD BEEN IN OFFICE A FEW WEEKS, HE CALLED ON DEAN TO HEAD THE DELEGATION TO THE GENEVA NUCLEAR TEST MEETING AND LATER SAID: "OUR NATION IS INDEED FORTUNATE TO HAVE THE SERVICES OF AMBASSADOR DEAN AT THIS DECISIVE STAGE OF THE SESSIONS. HE HAS ACCUMULATED EXTENSIVE EXPERIENCE IN INTERNATIONAL NEGOTIATION OF DIFFICULT AND COMPLEX ISSUES."

AT PRESENT DEAN IS WORKING WITH MCCLOY IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT DISARMAMENT OFFICES ON POLICY PLANNING FORUSE IF AND WHEN A BIG EAST-WEST CONFERENCE ON ARMS CONTROL CAN BE ARRANGED.

AT GENEVA, MEANWHILE, THE NUCLEAR TEST TALKS ARE IN SUSPENSION. WHILE STILL NOT OFFICIALLY BROKEN OFF, THE RUSSIAN DECISION TO BREAK ITS MORATORIUM ON TESTING, OFFICIALS HERE BELIEVE, HAS TORPEDOED THE NEGOTIATIONS. THE EXPECTATION IS THAT IF FURTHER SERIOUS NEGOTIATION IS TO BE HELD ON A NUCLEAR TEST TREATY IT WILL COME UP IN CONNECTION WITH BROADER DISARMAMENT ISSUES.

BU244AED

A25WX (BJT)
AMS BUDGET (600)
NUCLEAR-NEGOTIATIONS
BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 2 (AP)-THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION NEXT WEEK WILL MAKE THE FIRST OF SEVERAL DIPLOMATIC MOVES DESIGNED TO SOUND OUT RUSSIA ANEW ON THE POSSIBILITY OF A PEACEFUL BERLIN SETTLEMENT AND FRESH DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS.

THE DECISION HAS BEEN MADE TO GO AHEAD WITH THE SCHEDULED MOVES DESPITE THE "ATOMIC BLACKMAIL" POLICY OF WHICH THE UNITED STATES ACCUSES RUSSIA BECAUSE OF ITS RESUMPTION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTING.

INITIAL STEPS NOW IMPENDING COULD EVEN LEAD TO A SUMMIT CONFERENCE, PROVIDED PRELIMINARY NEGOTIATIONS PRODUCED A BASIS FOR AGREEMENT.

THE PRELIMINARY MOVES ARE SEEN HERE AS THE IMMEDIATE ANSWER TO THE SWELLING CHORUS OF DEMANDS AT THE NEUTRAL NATIONS' CONFERENCE IN YUGOSLAVIA FOR TOP-LEVEL U.S.-SOVIET TALKS TO SAVE THE WORLD FROM NUCLEAR WAR.

THESE ARE THE STEPS:

1. THE U.S. AMBASSADOR TO MOSCOW, LLEWELLYN THOMPSON, IS UNDER DIRECTION TO HAVE A TALK WITH SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO AND

EXPLORE WHAT MAY BE NEGOTIABLE -- IF ANYTHING AT THIS STAGE -- IN THE BERLIN POSITION OF SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV.

2. JOHN J. MCCLOY, KENNEDY'S TOP DISARMAMENT ADVISER, IS SCHEDULED TO MEET WITH SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER VALERIAN ZORIN IN NEW YORK NEXT WEDNESDAY TO MAKE A NEW EFFORT TO WORK OUT ARRANGEMENTS FOR A BIG N

EAST-WEST DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE.

THIS WILL BE THE THIRD ROUND OF MCCLOY-ZORIN TALKS THIS SUMMER.

3. SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK WITH THE BACKING OF BRITAIN, THE APPROVAL OF WEST GERMANY AND THE RELUCTANT CONSENT OF FRANCE, PLANS TO HAVE A TALK WITH GROMYKO IN NEW YORK IN ABOUT TWO WEEKS -- IF GROMYKO ATTENDS THE OPENING OF THE UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY SET FOR SEPT. 19.

THE POSSIBILITY OF PERSONAL TALKS BETWEEN KHRUSHCHEV AND KENNEDY, EVEN IF THE SOVIET LEADER SHOWS UP AT THE UNITED NATIONS, IS NOT HIGHLY RATED HERE AT THE MOMENT, BUT NEITHER IS IT RULED OUT.

THE PRESIDENT DEFINITELY HAS UNDER CONSIDERATION A PLAN TO GO TO NEW YORK AND MAKE A MAJOR SPEECH ON WORLD PEACE AND DISARMAMENT. HE IS DUE TO MAKE A DECISION NEXT WEEK.

ALSO NEXT WEEK, OFFICIALS INDICATED, A DECISION IS EXPECTABLE ON RESUMPTION OF U.S. NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTING. MOST PERSONS IN A HIGH POSITION HERE SAY PRIVATELY THAT THEY HAVE NO DOUBT THAT THE UNITED STATES WILL RESUME.

BUT KENNEDY AND RUSK WANT TO PERMIT MAXIMUM TIME FOR THE SOVIET NUCLEAR TEST EXPLOSION OF YESTERDAY TO MAKE THE DEEPEST POSSIBLE IMPACT IN THE WORLD.

WHILE KENNEDY HAS BEEN MOVING LESS SWIFTLY THAN HE MIGHT, OFFICIALS SAIS HE HAS NO INTENTION OF BECOMING BOXED IN BY DELAYING SO LONG THAT EVENTS LIMITS HIS FIELD OF ACTION.

HE DOES NOT, FOR EXAMPLE, INTEND TO PERMIT THE PRESENT SITUATION TO GO ON SO LONG THAT OTHER COUNTRIES ASSUME IT IS A NORMAL ARRANGEMENT FOR RUSSIA TO TEST AND THE UNITED STATES NOT TO TEST.

AT THE BELGRADE MEETING THERE IS REPORTED TO BE INCREASING TALK ABOUT A KENNEDY-KHRUSHCHEV SUMMIT CONFERENCE. SUCH A MEETING WAS ADVOCATED TODAY BY PRESIDENT KWAME NKRUMAH OF GHANA. YESTERDAY SUPPORT FOR A SUMMIT SESSION CAME FROM PRESIDENT GAMEL ABDEL NASSER OF THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC.

NASSER YESTERDAY AND PRIME MINISTER NEHRU OF INDIA TODAY DENOUNCED RUSSIA'S DECISION TO RESUME NUCLEAR TESTING.

U.S. OFFICIALS AND EXPERTS SEEM TO BE GENERAL AGREEMENT THAT KHRUSHCHEV HAD TWO PURPOSES IN MIND IN RESUMING TESTS NOW.

PERHAPS MOST IMPORTANT WAS THE FACT THAT HIS SCIENTISTS HAD DEVELOPED NEW NUCLEAR WEAPONS AND KHRUSHCHEV WAS UNDER VERY HEAVY MILITARY PRESSURE TO SEE WHETHER THE NEW DEVICES WOULD WORK.

PROBABLY OF SECONDARY IMPORTANCE -- ALTHOUGH SOME THINK IT WAS HIS MAIN PURPOSE -- KHRUSHCHEV DECIDED TO USE RENEWED TEST EXPLOSIONS AS A WAY OF SHOCKING AND FRIGHTENING THE WORLD INTO MEETING HIS BERLIN DEMANDS.

JC/JA123PED

A162WX

ADVANCE FOR AMS OF SUNDAY, SEPT. 3--NOTE DATE

NUCLEAR-KENNEDY (500)

BY JACK BELL

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, SEPT. 2 (AP)-PRESIDENT KENNEDY IS REPORTED CONSIDERING LAYING BEFORE THE UNITED NATIONS A NEW WORLD DISARMAMENT PROGRAM TO PROVIDE A SHARP CONTRAST TO RUSSIA'S RESUMPTION OF NUCLEAR TESTING.

KENNEDY HAS DISCUSSED WITH CONGRESSIONAL LEADER THE POSSIBILITY THAT HE MIGHT APPEAR PERSONALLY BEFORE THE UNITED NATIONS TO EMPHASIZE AND DRAMATIZE EFFORTS THE UNITED STATES IS EXERTING FOR PEACE. THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY MEETS SEPT. 19.

PRESUMABLY IF HE DECIDES TO TAKE THIS COURSE, THE DISARMAMENT PROPOSAL WOULD BE ACCOMPANIED BY A PRESIDENTIAL RECITAL OF SOME RATHER DETAILED INFORMATION OF THE NUMBER, SIZE AND VARIETY OF WEAPONS IN THE AMERICAN NUCLEAR ARSENAL. THIS COUNTRY'S ABILITY TO DELIVER THEM ON SELECTED TARGETS ALSO MIGHT BE DESCRIBED.

LEGISLATIVE LEADERS WHO WERE BRIEFED AT THE WHITE HOUSE THURSDAY SAID THEY LEARNED THE AMERICAN STOCKPILE IS "SEVERAL TIMES" LARGER THAN THAT OF RUSSIA. THEY SAID IT CONTAINS MORE SOPHISTICATED WEAPONS AND SMALL BATTLEFIELD NUCLEAR WARHEADS THE SOVIETS CANNOT MATCH.

AMERICAN SUPERIORITY IN THIS FIELD APPEARED TO HAVE BEEN DEMONSTRATED BY RUSSIA'S FIRST SHOT FRIDAY. THIS WAS CALCULATED AT NOT MORE THAN HALF A MEGATON IN SIZE, EQUIVALENT IN EXPLOSIVE POWER TO 500,000 TONS OF TNT. THIS WAS A FAR CRY FROM SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV'S BOAST THAT THE RUSSIANS CAN PRODUCE A 100-MEGATON BOMB.

CHAIRMAN HUBERT H. HUMPHREY, D-MINN., OF A SENATE DISARMAMENT SUBCOMMITTEE, FORECAST A SERIES OF TESTS, WITH PERHAPS AS MANY AS EIGHT IN A SINGLE DAY. HE SAID THE FIRST TEST INDICATED THE RUSSIANS ARE TRYING TO PERFECT WARHEADS FOR MISSILES AND ARE NOT INTERESTED IN PEACEFUL TECHNOLOGICAL DEVELOPMENTS.

KENNEDY APPARENTLY IS NOT GOING TO GIVE ANY GO-AHEAD FOR RESUMPTION OF AMERICAN TESTING UNTIL THE FULL EFFECT OF THE RUSSIAN RESUMPTION OF TESTING HAS BEEN FELT AROUND THE WORLD.

THE PRESIDENT WAS REPORTED BELIEVING THAT THE SOVIET ACTION IN FIRING OFF AN ATMOSPHERIC TEST WOULD REVIVE WORLD FEARS OF FALLOUT DAMAGE AND THUS INTENSIFY THE PROPAGANDA DRUBBING THE ADMINISTRATION IS SATISFIED THE RUSSIANS ARE TAKING.

IN ADMINISTRATION CIRCLES THE BELIEF IS PREVALENT THAT KHRUSHCHEV'S MISSILE-RATTLING AND HIS RESUMPTION OF TESTING INDICATE THAT HE HAS BEEN CAUGHT OFF BALANCE BY WORLD-REACTION TO THE CLOSING OF THE EAST GERMAN BORDER AND THE FIRM STAND TAKEN BY THE ALLIES IN WEST BERLIN.

KENNEDY'S DECISION TO SEND 1,500 ADDITIONAL U.S. TROOPS INTO WEST BERLIN WAS DEPICTED BY ONE OFFICIAL IN TERMS OF AN INTERNATIONAL POKER GAME AS A PRESIDENTIAL CALL AND RAISE OF KHRUSHCHEV'S BLUFF.

GEN. LUCIUS D. CLAY, SUBSEQUENTLY NAMED BY KENNEDY AS TOP DIPLOMATIC COMMANDER IN BERLIN, WAS REPORTED TO HAVE TOLD THE PRESIDENT AT THE TIME THAT THE TROOP MOVEMENT COULD WELL DISCLOSE WHETHER KHRUSHCHEV WAS WILLING TO START WORLD WAR III.

IT WAS REPORTED TO HAVE BEEN THE OPINION OF VICE PRESIDENT LYNDON B. JOHNSON AND OF CLAY AND OTHER ADVISERS THAT IF SOME CONCRETE MEASURES WERE NOT TAKEN TO DEMONSTRATE THAT THE UNITED STATES WAS DETERMINED TO DEFEND BERLIN, KHRUSHCHEV MIGHT MOVE QUICKLY TO ATTEMPT TO SWALLOW UP THE WESTERN HALF OF THE CITY.

END ADVANCE FOR AMS OF SUNDAY, SEPT. 3--NOTE DATE--SENT SEPT. 2.

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A83BX

U R G E N T

SECOND NIGHT LEAD KENNEDY

BY WHITNEY SHOEMAKER

HYANNIS PORT, MASS., SEPT 2 (AP)-PRESIDENT KENNEDY TODAY URGED CONGRESS IN THIS "CLIMACTIC HOUR" TO RESTORE CUTS IN FOREIGN AID FUNDS TO BOLSTER THE GLOBAL FIGHT FOR FREEDOM.

BILLIONS SPENT FOR DEFENSE WILL MEAN LITTLE IN THE END IF THE WORLD'S DEVELOPING NATIONS TOPPLE INTO COMMUNISM, KENNEDY SAID.

THE CAPE COD WHITE HOUSE ISSUED A STATEMENT IN WHICH THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE CITED FORMER PRESIDENT DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER'S SUPPORT OF AMPLE FUNDS TO ASSIST NEEDY COUNTRIES.

CONGRESS AUTHORIZED $4.25 BILLION FOR THE PROGRAM THIS YEAR, BUT THE HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE YESTERDAY APPROVED AN ACTUAL MONEY OUTLAY OF ONLY $3.35 BILLION.

KENNEDY INITIALLY HAD SOUGHT MORE THAN $4.7 BILLION.

30.24-1545

HE APPEALED TO CONGRESS TO APPROPRIATE FUNDS "OF A MAGNITUDE AS CLOSE AS POSSIBLE TO THE ORIGINAL REQUEST."

BOTH HE AND EISENHOWER WERE CONVINCED THAT REQUEST REPRESENTED THE MINIMUM NECESSARY TO MEET THE COUNTRY'S RESPONSIBILITIES. KENNEDY SAID.

WITH THE $4.25 BILLION CEILING APPLIED IN THE SUM AUTHORIZED BY CONGRESS, IT WOULD BE IMPOSSIBLE NOW TO PROVIDE ALL THE MONEY KENNEDY AT FIRST ASKED. BUT HIS OBVIOUS HOPE WAS THAT THE HOUSE, IN WHICH APPROPRIATIONS BILLS START THROUGH CONGRESS, WOULD REBUFF THE COMMITTEE AND PUT UP MONEY OF AS CLOSE A MAGNITUDE AS POSSIBLE TO THE AUTHORIZED AMOUNT.

KENNEDY WORKED A 3 1/2-HOUR BOAT RIDE ON HAZY NANTUCKET SOUND INTO THE FIRST FULL DAY OF HIS LABOR DAY WEEKEND ON CAPE COD. MRS. KENNEDY AND DAUGHTER CAROLINE WERE AMONG THOSE ABOARD THE CRUISER MARLIN, WHICH STAYED OUT MORE THAN TWICE AS LONG AS AIDES SAID KENNEDY HAD ALLOTTED FOR HIS FAVORITE VACATION PASTIME.

FOR A GOOD PART OF THE MORNING KENNEDY WAS ON THE PHONE, CONFERRING WITH CABINET OFFICERS AND WHITE HOUSE ADVISERS IN WASHINGTON. THE MAJOR TOPIC WAS THE IMPACT--PHYSICAL AND PSYCHOLOGICAL--OF RUSSIA'S NUCLEAR TEST SHOT.

FOREIGN AID ALSO WAS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE BEEN DISCUSSED IN THE LONG-DISTANCE CONFERENCES. KENNEDY HAS SHOWN MORE CONCERN AND IS BELIEVED TO HAVE TAKEN MORE OF A PERSONAL HAND IN PUSHING HIS AID PROGRAM THAN ON ANY OTHER PIECE OF LEGISLATION IN THIS SESSION OF CONGRESS.

THE HOUSE PREVIOUSLY REJECTED HIS PROPOSAL TO FINANCE LONG-TERM DEVELOPMENT LOANS ABROAD WITH MONEY BORROWED FROM THE TREASURY. A SENATE-HOUSE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE FINALLY AGREED ON A FIVE-YEAR PROGRAM, BUT ONE IN WHICH CONGRESS WOULD HAVE TO APPROPRIATE THE MONEY EVERY YEAR. THEN THE INFLUENTIAL HOUSE COMMITTEE ADMINISTERED ITS SEVERE CUTS IN THE FUNDS KENNEDY WANTED.

EISENHOWER, IN A STATEMENT FROM HIS FARM HOME AT GETTYSBURG, YESTERDAY VIEWED THE CUT WITH "GRAVE CONCERN."

"THE FIGHT FOR FREEDOM THROUGHOUT THE WORLD IS IN A CLIMACTIC HOUR," KENNEDY SAID.

DEVELOPING NATIONS, ESPECIALLY IN THIS HEMISPHERE, LOOK TO THE UNITED STATES FOR LEADERSHIP AND HELP IN THEIR EFFORTS TO IMPROVE THE LOT OF THEIR PEOPLE, HE SAID.

"FOR THEY REALIZE, AS DO WE, THAT THEIR FAILURE WILLINEVITABLY BRING THE DISSOLUTION OF DEMOCCATIC GOVERNMENTS AND GREATLY INCREASE THE THREAT OF THE COMMUNIST ADVANCE," THE PRESIDENT SAID.

"THE COUNTLESS BILLIONS OF DOLLARS WHICH WE SPEND FOR ESSENTIAL MILITARY DEFENSES WILL, IN THE LONG RUN, BY UNABLE TO ENSURE OUR SECURITY IF WE LOST THE BATTLE TO DEMONSTRATE TO THE HUNGRY AND IMPOVERISHED OF ALL LANDS THAT FREE AND INDEPENDENT NATIONS HAVE THE CAPACITY TO MEET OUR BASIC NEEDS. WE MUST NOT LOSE THIS BATTLE."

ACTING PRESS SECRETARY ANDREW T. HATCHER DECLINED TO IDENTIFY KENNEDY'S TELEPHONE CONFEREES, BUT LEFT NO DOUBT THEIR TALKS BORE PRIMARILY ON THE SOVIETS' FALLOUT-RISKING NUCLEAR BLAST OVER CENTRAL ASIA.

U.S. STRATEGY, ON WHICH THE PRESIDENT CONCENTRATED, WAS KEYED TO THREE POINTS:

HOW TO EXPLOIT THE SOVIET BLAST, SMASHING THREE YEARS OF TEST SUSPENSION BY THE TWO MAJOR ATOMIC POWERS, ESPECIALLY AMONG NEUTRALIST COUNTRIES. . .HOW TO DEAL WITH FUTURE RUSSIAN EXPLOSIONS. WHETHER AND WHEN TO RESUME U.S. TEST.

ALL SIGNS INDICATE THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION HAS DECIDED THE UNITED STATES WOULE GAIN MORE IN THE WORLD OPINION MARKET BY HOLDING OFF TESTS OF ITS OWN NUCLEAR DEVICES AT THIS TIME.

HATCHER SAID KENNEDY HAD RECEIVED NO ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE SOVIET TEST. HE TOLD NEWSMEN THE UNITED STATES HAD MORE DATA ON THE BLAST THAN WAS MADE PUBLIC YESTERDAY, BUT REFUSED TO GO INTO DETAILS.

MAJ. GEN. CHESTER V. CLIFTON, THE PRESIDENT'S MILITARY ADVISER, BRIEFED KENNEDY ON DEVELOPMENTS AROUND THE GLOBE IN BETWEEN THE CONVERSATIONS WITH WASHINGTON.

FOR KENNEDY, THIS WASN'T EXACTLY THE KIND OF HOLIDAY WEEKEND THAT THOUSANDS OF OTHER BIG CITY REFUGEES SPENT ON CAPE COD.

EVEN WHILE CRUISING, HATCHER SAID THE PRESIDENT WOULD "STICK A LITTLE CLOSER TO SHORE."

CLOUDS HUNG LOW OVER THE SOUND WHEN KENNEDY AND OTHER MEMBERS OF HIS VACATIONING FAMILY SET OUT EARLY THIS AFTERNOON ON THE 52-FOOT CRUISER MARLIN.P

KENNEDY, WITH HIS WIFE AND DAUGHTER CAROLINE, CRUISED ABOUT EIGHT MILES FROM HYANNIS PORT. THEY WERE JOINED BY A PARTY OF FRIENDS AND RELATIVES.

AT CODMAN'S POINT ON COTUIT BAY, THEY ANCHORED JUST OFF SHORE. THE SUN BROKE THROUGH BRIEFLY, AND KENNEDY, JOINED BY SOME OF HIS GUESTS, TOOK A SWIM.

BY LATE AFTERNOON, THE CLOUDS HAD THICKENED, AND THE MARLIN HEADED FOR HOME AS FOG ROLLED ACROSS NANTUCKET SOUND. IT STARTED RAINING SOON AFTER THE PRESIDENT AND HIS FAMILY GOT BACK.

THEY ARRIVED HOME TO FIND KENNEDY YOUNGSTERS AND THEIR FRIENDS PLAYING SOFTBALL, WITH DOZENS OF ADULTS LOOKING ON. IT WAS PART OF A "GAMES DAY" OF ORGANIZED FAMILY PLAY FOR THE CHILDREN.

KENNEDY EXHIBITED NO CONCERN OVER REPORTS THAT A FORMER MENTAL PATIENT WHO ONCE TALKED OF KILLING THE PRESIDENT WAS HEADED THIS WAY FROM TEXAS.

MASSACHUSETTS STATE POLICE CIRCULATED A 13-STATE ALARM AND, WITH LOCAL POLICE, INCREASED THE FORCE THAT NORMALLY PATROLS THE NEIGHBORHOOD WHEN KENNEDY IS HERE.

AFTER CHECKING WITH THE SECRET SERVICE DETAIL, HATCHER DISMISSED THE REPORTS AS NO CAUSE FOR ALARM.

THERE WERE NO DEFINITE APPOINTMENTS ON KENNEDY'S WEEKEND SCHEDULE, BUT THE FAMILY LOOKED FORWARD TO THE RETURN OF ITS PATRIARCH TOMORROW.

MR. AND MRS. JOSEPH P. KENNEDY, THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S PARENTS, WERE EXPECTED BACK FROM AN EXTENDED VACATION IN FRANCE TOMORROW NIGHT.

THE ELDER KENNEDY CELEBRATES HIS 74TH BIRTHDAY NEXT WEDNESAY, AND THERE MAY BE A FAMILY PARTY BEFORE THE PRESIDENT FLIES BACK TO WASHINGTON TUESDAY.

TC5PED

A38WX

(380) WITH U.S.-NUCLEAR

CONGRESS

BY JACK BELL

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 2 (AP)-SEN. HUBERT H. HUMPHREY, D-MINN., PROPOSED TODAY THAT THE UNITED STATES CITE RUSSIA'S NUCLEAR TEST BEFORE THE UNITED NATIONS AS AN "ACT OF AGGRESSION."

HUMPHREY, CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE DISARMAMENT SUBCOMMITTEE, CONTENDED THAT RADIOACTIVE FALLOUT FROM THE TEST THREATENS "MANY NATIONS AND PEOPLES OF THE WORLD."

"THIS," HE SAID, "IS ANOTHER INSTANCE OF AGGRESSION THAT SHOULD BE PLACED BEFORE THE UNITED NATIONS. . ."

MOST SENATORS YESTERDAY EXPRESSED NO SURPRISE THAT NEWS OF A SOVIE NUCLEAR EXPLOSION CAME ON THE HEELS OF THE RUSSIAN ANNOUNCEMENT WEDNESDAY OF PLANS TO RESUME NUCLEAR TESTS.

WHILE SENATORS DISCUSSED THE NUCLEAR BLAST, THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE PUSHED AHEAD WITH LEGISLATION TO SET UP A U.S. DISARMAMENT AGENCY. IT WOULD COORDINATE U.S. DISARMAMENT POLICY.

SEN. JOHN SPARKMAN, D-ALA., ACTING CHAIRMAN, SAID THE COMMITTEE AGREED TENTATIVELY ON A ROUGH DRAFT OF THE BILL AND WILL CONSIDER IT AGAIN TUESDAY.

SEN. GEORGE D. AIKEN, R-VT., SAID THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION BEGAN PUTTING NEW PRESSURE ON THE COMMITTEE FOR FAST ACTION THURSDAY AFTER SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV ANNOUNCED PLANS TO RESUME NUCLEAR TESTING.

AIKEN SAID JOHN J. MCCLOY, THE PRESIDENT'S DISARMAMENT ADVISER, CALLED A NUMBER OF SENATORS AND THAT OTHER ADMINISTRATION SPOKESMEN WERE BUSY ON CAPITOL HILL.

PRESIDENT KENNEDY WAS REPORTED EAGER TO EMPHASIZE THAT THE UNITED STATES IS SEEKING DISARMAMENT AT A TIME WHEN THE RUSSIANS ARE SETTING OFF NEW TEST EXPLOSIONS.

SOME SENATORS CLAMORED FOR A SWIFT U.S. RESUMPTION OF NUCLEAR TESTS. OTHERS CAUTIONED A GO-SLOW POLICY.

SEN. THOMAS H. KUCHEL OF CALIFORNIA, THE ASSISTANT REPUBLICAN LEADER, SAID THAT "A HEAVY RESPONSIBILITY RESTS ON OUR COUNTRY FURTHER TO PERFECT ITS ALREADY POWERFUL NUCLEAR ARSENAL."

"FREE PEOPLES EVERYWHERE UNDERSTAND THAT WE HAVE NO ALTERNATIVE," HE SAID.

HOWEVER, SEN. JACOB K. JAVITS, R-N.Y., SAID HE DOESN'T BELIEVE THE UNITED STATES SHOULD "FOLLOW THE LEADER" BUT SHOULD BE GUIDED BY THE NEEDS OF ITS OWN SECURITY IN ANY PRESIDENTIAL DECISION TO BEGIN NEW TESTS.

SEN. JOHN SHERMAN COOPER, R-KY., SAID HE DOUBTS SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV WANTS TO GO TO WAR "BUT HE IS CERTAINLY TRYING TO TERRORIZE THE WORLD."

SENATE DEMOCRATIC LEADER MIKE MANSFIELD OF MONTANA SAID THE RUSSIANS OBVIOUSLY HAD BEEN WORKING FOR A LONG TIME TO SET UP THE TEST AND IT WAS "NOTHING TO BE SURPRISED AT."

"THE THING FOR US TO DO NOW IS TO KEEP OUR SHIRTS ON," HE SAID.

SEN. KARL E. MUNDT, R-S.D., SAID "IT'S TIME TO PUT AN END TO INDECISIVENESS ON THE PART OF OUR GOVERNMENT AND TO ANNOUNCE A FIRM POLICY DEMONSTRATING TO THE WORLD THAT WE ARE NOT BEHIND IN NUCLEAR WEAPONS AND WILL NOT BE BEHIND."

MUNDT SAID ITSHOULD BE MADE PLAIN THAT "WE HAVE NEW WEAPONS TO TEST AND WILL TEST THEM WITHOUT FURTHER DELAY--TEST THEM AND BUILD THEM."

BU448AED

A112 (700)

NUCLEAR REACTION

BY ARTHUR GAVSHON

LONDON, SEPT. 2 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION'S NUCLEAR TEST BLAST TODAY UNLEASHED A FALL-OUT OF POLITICAL HORROR AND ANTI-SOVIET BITTERNESS THROUGH THE NON-COMMUNIST WORLD.

THE SOVIET ACTION IN REMOTE SEMIPALATINSK DREW STINGING CONDEMNATION BY GOVERNMENTS, NEWSPAPERS AND ORDINARY CITIZENS CONCERNED WITH RADIOACTIVE HAZARDS TO THIS AND FUTURE GENERATIONS.

"THIS NEWS IS DEPLORABLE," THE USUALLY-RESTRAINED BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE EXCLAIMED. "THE RUSSIANS MUST HAVE BEEN MAKING ACTIVE PREPARATIONS WHILE STILL TALKING AT GENEVA OF A TREATY BANNING SUCH TESTS."

"EXTRAORDINARILY REGRETTABLE," THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT COMMENTED. "THE EXPLOSION CAN ONLY WORSEN THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION."

JAPAN STRONGLY PROTESTED THE SOVIET UNION'S ANNOUNCED PLANS TO RESUME NUCLEAR TESTING IN A NOTE WHICH APPARENTLY WAS BEING TRANSMITTED TO MOSCOW WHEN THE RUSSIAN EXPLOSION WAS SET OFF.

THE PROTEST HANDED TO THE SOVIET MINISTRY BY JAPANESE AMBASSADOR HISANARI YAMADA SAID THE MOSCOW DECISION MAY COMPEL OTHER WORLD POWERS TO RESUME TESTING "AND IN TURN LEAD MANKIND INTO THE PATH OF DESTRUCTION."

IT SAID THE ACTION "CONTRADICTS THE THEMES OF 'PEACEFUL CO-EXISTENCE' AND 'DESIRE FOR THE ATTAINMENT OF WORLD PEACE' WHICH THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT REPEATEDLY TALKS ABOUT."

IN MOSCOW, NEITHER THE SOVIET PRESS NOR RADIO EARLY TODAY HAD MADE ANY MENTION OF THE EXPLOSION.

THE INDEPENDENT PARIS-JOUR, REFLECTING THE LINE TAKEN BY MOST NON-COMMUNIST FRENCH NEWSPAPERS, DECLARED:

"THIS IS NEW DEFIANCE BY THE MASTER OF THE KREMLIN, NOT ONLY AGAINST THOSE HE CONSIDERS AS HIS ADVERSARIES, BUT ALSO AGAINST ALL PEOPLES OF THE WORLD WHO MAY BE DIRECTLY CONTAMINATED TOMORROW BY MURDEROUS FALL-OUT."

THE GOVERNMENT OF NEUTRAL AUSTRIA WITHHELD COMMENT BUT THE ENTIRE PRESS, EXCEPT FOR TWO COMMUNIST DAILIES, EXPRESSED SHOCK AND INDIGNATION.

BRITISH CITIZENS PREPARED TO DISPLAY THEIR RESENTMENT AGAINST SOVIET POLICIES IN PUBLIC. TWO GROUPS OF ANTINUCLEAR CAMPAIGNERS ARRANGED TO PROTEST DIRECTLY TO SOVIET AMBASSADOR ALEXANDER SOLDATOV. BOTH IN THE PAST HAVE USUALLY DIRECTED THEIR DEMONSTRATIONS AGAINST THE NUCLEAR WEAPONS POLICIES OF THE UNITED STATES AND NOTABLY AGAINST AMERICAN POLARIS AND OTHER ROCKET BASES IN BRITAIN. THEY ALSO PLANNED A MARCH THROUGH LONDON AS A PROTEST.

INSIDE THE SOVIET UNION THE COMMUNIST PARTY MACHINE DRUMMED UP A CHORUS OF ACCLAIM FOR KHRUSHCHEV'S DECISION TO RESUME TESTS.

ALL MOSCOW NEWSPAPERS, WITH PARTY ORGAN PRAVDA SETTING THE PACE WITH A FULL PAGE DISPLAY OF APPROVING STATEMENTS, BACKED THEIR PREMIER'S MOVE AND HIS DECLARED MOTIVE OF FOILING "NEW WAR PLANS OF WESTERN IMPERIALISTS."

IN WEST GERMANY, THE INDEPENDENT NEUE PRESSE OF FRANKFURT SAID KHRUSHCHEV'S EXPLOSION "IS INTENDED TO FREEZE HUMANITY IN FEAR."

THE FRANKFURTER ALLGEMEINE SUGGESTED THE ONLY WAY TO STOP KHRUSHCHEV IS TO SHOW HIM "TERROR WILL NOT BRING ABOUT A WEAKENING OF THE WEST'S WILL TO DEFEND ITSELF."

RUSSIA'S EXPLOSION OF A NUCLEAR DEVICE WAS THE MAIN STORY SPLASHED ACROSS THE FRONTPAGES OF BRITAIN'S PAPERS.

ONLY THE COMMUNIST DAILY WORKER IGNORED THE REPORT FROM WASHINGTON THAT THE RUSSIANS HAD FIRED A NUCLEAR BOMB. THE OTHER NEWSPAPERS SPREAD THE STORY OVER SIX AND SEVEN COLUMN HEADLINES.

IN BELGRADE, A BRITISH AND AN AMERICAN CLERGYMAN CALLED ON LEADERS OF 24 NONALIGNED COUNTRIES MEETING HERE TO DEMAND THAT RUSSIA AND FRANCE IMMEDIATELY CEASE NUCLEAR TESTS. IN A JOINT MEMORANDUM TO THE CONFERENCE DELEGATES, THE REV.MICHAEL SCOTT OF THE "COMMITTEE OF 100" IN LONDON AND REV.HOMER A.JACK OF THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE FOR A SANE NUCLEAR POLICY SAID:

"UNLESS SOMETHING IS DONE BY THE PEOPLE AND THEIR STATESMEN IMMEDIATELY THERE WILL BE A CHAIN REACTION WHICH CAN ONLY LEAD TO NUCLEAR WAR."

IN NEW DELHI, THE INFLUENTIAL, INDEPENDENT TIMES OF INDIA DESCRIBED THE SOVIET DECISION TO RESUME NUCLEAR TESTING AS "INSANITY FAIR." AN EDITORIAL SAID:

"MOSCOW HAS DEALT A SEVERE BLOW TO THE CAUSE OF PEACE. THE CRISIS IS IN A WAY MORE OMINOUS THAN THE CURRENT CRISIS OVER BERLIN. FOR IT WILL GENERATE A NEW WAVE OF HYSTERIA AND INTENSIFY THE COLD WAR ON EVERY ISSUE. THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT MUST BE OUT OF ITS MIND IF IT THINKS THE NEW TEST SERIES WILL COW DOWN THE WESTERN POWERS AND GIVE IT AN EDGE OVER THEM IN ANY FUTURE NEGOTIATIONS..."

TOKYO NEWSPAPERS ALSO SPLASHED THE AMERICAN REPORT UNDER BANNER HEADLINES. BUT THERE WERE NO IMMEDIATE EDITORIAL COMMENTS.

THE JAPANESE METEOROLOGICAL AGENCY SAID ITS STATIONS WHICH HAD BEEN ALERTED FOR A POSSIBLE RUSSIAN NUCLEAR TEST EXPLOSION RECORDED NO UNUSUAL AIR OR EARTH SHOCKS TO INDICATE SUCH AN OCCURRENCE. IT WARNED, HOWEVER, THAT FALLOUTS FROM THE BLAST WILL BE OVER JAPAN IN FOUR OR FIVE DAYS.

ATOM BOMBED HIROSHIMA WAS IN AN UPROAR BECAUSE OF THE SWIFTNESS WITH WHICH RUSSIA SET OFF ITS NUCLEAR TEST. ITS MAYOR, SHINZO HAMAI, SAID: "WE ARE ANGRY. IT IS VERY VERY REGRETTABLE. NUCLEAR TESTS ARE NOT JUST A QUESTION FOR THE SOVIET UNION AND UNITED STATES, THINK ABOUT THE INJURIOUS EFFECT ON THE WORLD'S PEOPLES."

P/RA1005AED

A80

TOKYO, SEPT. 2 (AP)-RED CHINA'S PROPAGANDA MACHINE POURED OUT THOUSANDS OF WORDS TODAY EXPRESSING SUPPORT OF THE SOVIET DECISION TO RENEW NUCLEAR TESTS.

PEIPING RADIO CALLE THE RUSSIAN STEP A JUST MEASURE TO DEFEND PEACE.

THE NEW CHINA NEWS AGENCY QUOTED RED CHINA'S FOREIGN MINISTER CHEN YI AS SAYING THE RENEWAL OF NUCLEAR TESTING BY THE RUSSIANS "WILL DEAL AN EVEN MORE POWERFUL BLOW AT THE WARMONGERS AND ATOMIC MANIACS."

BROADCASTS FROM COMMUNIST NORTH KOREA AND NORTH VIET NAM ALSO STRONGLY SUPPORTED THE SOVIET DECISION, DECLARING IT "CONSTITUTES A STERN WARNING TO THE IMPERIALIST WAR MANIACS HEADED BY THE 7. S. IMPERIALISTSM"

JE537PED

NUCLEAR

LONDON, SEPT. 2 (AP)-SOVIET AMBASSADOR ALEXANDER SOLDATOV TOLD A GROUP OF BAN-THE-BOMB BRITONS TODAY: "DON'T WORRY, BOYS. YOU WILL ALL LIVE TO A RIPE OLD AGE."

THE PACIFIST DELEGATION CALLED ON SOLDATOV AT HIS LONDON EMBASSY AND TOLD HIM RUSSIA'S RESUMED TESTING OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS INCREASES THE DANGER OF WORLD WA. THE AMBASSADOR SAID HE COULD NEITHER CONFIRM NOR DENY REPORTS BY THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT THAT THE SOVIET UNION HAS CONDUCTED A NEW TEST.

MICHAEL RANDLE, LEADER OF THE SIX-MAN DELEGATION FROM BRITAIN'S ANTINUCLEAR "COMMITTEE OF 100," SAID HE LODGED A STRONG PROTEST AGAINST THE RESUMED TEST PROGRAM DURING A 90-MINUTE INTERVIEW WITH SOLDATOV.

THE AMBASSADOR JOVIALLY TRIED TO COMFORT DELEGATES FEARFUL THAT TAUT EAST-WEST RELATIONS COULD SNAP INTO WORLD CONFLICT AT ANY TIME.

"WE TOLD HIM IT WAS POSSIBLE THAT WE WOULD ALL BE DEAD BY CHRISTMAS--EVERYONE," RANDLE SAID.

"THAT WAS WHEN HE TOLD US NOT TO WORRY, THAT WE WOULD LIVE

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TO A RIPE OLD AGE."

TA1243PED

A93WX

(300) NUCLEAR-SCIENTISTS

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 2 (AP)-RUSSIA'S RENEWAL OF NUCLEAR TESTING THREATENS THE WORLD WITH "DANGEROUS RADIOACTIVE HAZARDS," SPOKESMEN FOR THIS COUNTRY'S SCIENTIFIC COMMUNITY SAID TODAY.

DEPLORING THE SOVIET ACTION AS A "SEVERE BLOW" TO MANKIND'S HOPES FOR PEACE AND DISARMAMENT, THE FEDERATION OF AMERICAN SCIENTISTS SAID THE THREATENED DEVELOPMENT OF A 100-MEGATON WEAPON COULD LEAD TO THE "USELESS EXTERMINATION OF MILLIONS OF PEOPLE."

THE STATEMENT URGED RUSSIA TO RECONSIDER ITS DECISION TO RESUME TESTS "BEFORE ALL MANKIND IS ENGULFED BY NUCLEAR ANNIHILATION," AND SAID THE UNITED STATES SHOULD CONTINUE PRESSING FOR "INSPECTED DISARMAMENT."

THE FEDERATION, WHICH CLAIMS 2,000 MEMBERS IN ALL SCIENTIFIC AND ENGINEERING PURSUITS, SAID IF THE RUSSIANS DO BUILD THE MAMMOTH BOMB IT WOULD BE DIFFICULT TO TEST IT UNDERGROUND.

THEREFORE, IT SPECULATED, THE LARGEST RUSSIAN TEST EXPLOSIONS WILL TAKE PLACE IN THE ATMOSPHERE--LIKE THE SMALLER BLAST DETECTED NEAR THE MONGOLIAN BORDER YESTERDAY--OR UNDER WATER, OR IN OUTER SPACE. ALL THREE METHODS PRESENT GREAT DANGER OF LONG-TERM RADIOACTIVE FALLOUT, THE FEDERATION SAID.

AN OUTER SPACE TEST WOULD PRESENT THE LEAST HAZARD, THE STATEMENT CONTINUED, BUT ONLY IF IT WERE CONDUCTED OUTSIDE THE EARTH'S MAGNETIC FIELD.

ELECTRICALLY CHARGED FISSION FRAGMENTS, IF TRAPPED IN THE MAGNETIC FIELD, "SPIRAL ALONG THE LINES OF MAGNETIC FORCE AND MANY EVENTUALLY ENTER THE EARTH'S ATMOSPHERE," IT EXPLAINED.

A "SAFE" EXPLOSION WOULD HAVE TO BE AT LEAST 100,000 MILES FROM THE EARTH, THE SCIENTISTS SAID.

"WE HOPE ALL NATIONS IN THE WORLD WILL DEMAND THAT THE SOVIET UNION RECONSIDER ITS DANGEROUS DECISION," THEY SAID, "AND THAT THE SOVIETS RESUME NEGOTIATIONS TOWARDS A PEACEFUL WORLD."

THE FEDERATION SAID PROMPT PASSAGE BY CONGRESS OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S BILL TO CREATE A U.S. DISARMAMENT AGENCY "WILL DEMONSTRATE TO THE WORLD OUR NATION'S SINCERE DESIRE TO WORK FOR PEACE AND WILL EMPHASIZE THE CONTRAST WITH SOVIET BELLIGERENCY."

P7642PEDNM

A69LA

(120)

PASADENA, CALIF., SEPT. 2 (AP)-LINUS PAULING, NOBEL PRIZE-WINNING BIO-CHEMIST, TODAY URGED SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV TO CANCEL THE SOVIET UNION'S RESUMPTION OF NUCLEAR TESTS.

PAULING, A LEADER IN INTERNATIONAL MOVEMENTS TO BAN NUCLEAR TESTING ON THE GROUND IT CAUSES HEREDITARY DAMAGE, SAID IN A TELEGRAM:

"AS SPOKESMAN FOR 11,000 SCIENTISTS OF 50 COUNTRIES, INCLUDING 216 LEADING SOVIET SCIENTISTS, WHO SIGNED THE BOMB TEST PETITION FOUR YEARS AGO, AND ALSO FOR THE WHOLE HUMAN RACE AND UNBORN CHILDREN WHO WILL BE DAMAGED BY RADIOACTIVE FALLOUT, I STRONGLY URGE THAT YOU CANCEL THE NEW SERIES OF BOMB TESTS . . ."

HE ASKED KHRUSHCHEV INSTEAD TO "INITIATE AN INTENSIFIED EFFORT TO MAKE INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS STOPPING ALL BOMB TESTS AND LEADING TO GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT WITH JUSTICE TO ALL NATIONS AND ALL PEOPLES."

FH150PPD

A49

AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD BERLIN ROUNDUP (620)

BY LYNN HEINZERLING

BERLIN, SEPT. 2 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION'S SMILING COSMONAUT, MAJ. GHERMAN S. TITOV, ADDED HIS VOICE TODAY TO THE CRESCENDO OF THREATS FROM COMMUNIST CAPITALS IN SUPPORT OF THE DIVISION OF BERLIN.

STANDING BESIDE EAST GERMANY'S NO. 1 COMMUNIST, WALTER ULBRICHT, AT A MASS DEMONSTRATION IN EAST BERLIN, THE VISITING SPACEMAN SAID THE SOVIET UNION IS PREPARED TO "CRUSH AND DESTROY ONCE AND FOR ALL" ANY "IMPERIALISTS" WHO TRY TO STOP A GERMAN PEACE TREATY BY FORCE.

AT ABOUT THE SAME TIME, IN MOSCOW, THE KREMLIN HANDED NEW SOVIET NOTES TO THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE. THEY REPLIED TO STRONG WESTERN WARNINGS THAT THE SOVIET UNION NOT MEDDLE WITH THE ALLIED AIR CORRIDORS TO WEST BERLIN.

FIRST REPORTS WERE THAT THE SOVIETS ONCE MORE CHARGED THAT THE CORRIDORS WERE BEING USED TO TRANSPORT WEST GERMAN ESPIONAGE AGENTS BUT INFORMANTS SAID THEY REFRAINED FROM ACTUALLY THREATENING ALLIED USE OF THE AIRLANES. THEY THUS, AT LEAST, DID NOT WORSEN THE SITUATION.

(FOLLOWING TWO PARAGRAPHS EMBARGOED FOR USE AT 2:30 P.M. EST)

WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER LATER ISSUED A ROSY FORECAST, SAYING HE WAS CONVINCED EVERYTHING WILL WORK OUT IN THE LONG RUN.

"THROUGH NEGOTIATIONS WE MUST AND WILL COME TO A SOLUTION OF THE GERMAN AND BERLIN PROBLEMS THAT IS ACCEPTABLE FOR ALL SIDES, EAST AND WEST, AS WELL AS FOR THE GERMAN PEOPLE," ADENAUER SAID IN A NATIONWIDE TELECAST.

(END EMBARGOED MATERIAL FOR USE AT 2:30 P.M. EST)

EAST GERMANY'S RED REGIME RAISED A CRY AGAINST PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S DISPATCH OF FRESH U.S. TROOPS TO WEST BERLIN. KENNEDY TOOK THE ACTION TO BOLSTER THE ALLIED GARRISON AFTER EAST GERMAN SEALED UP THE CITY'S EAST-WEST BORDER.

"WHILE 16 YEARS AFTER THE END OF WORLD WAR II IT IS HIGH TIME THAT THE OCCUPATION REGIME IN WEST BERLIN SHOULD BE TERMINATED, THE UNITED STATES HAS TAKEN MEASURES IN THE CONTRARY SENSE," THE EAST GERMAN NEWS AGENCY ADN SAID. THE AGENCY SAID THE PROTEST WAS RELAYED BY CZECHOSLOVAKIA.

IN ANOTHER SERIES OF NOTES TO THE WESTERN POWERS, THE EAST GERMAN REGIME PROTESTED WHAT IT CALLED ABUSE OF THE ALLIED AIR CORRIDORS TO TRANSPORT "TWO KIDNAPED CHILDREN OUT OF WEST BERLIN."

THE NOTES CLAIMED THAT PETER BLUHME, 3, OC OTTBUS IN EAST GERMANY, AND 4-MONTH-OLD SYLVIA HEINZ OF EAST BERLIN HAD BEEN ABDUCTED BY RELATIVES LIVING IN WEST GERMANY.

THE ALLEGED KIDNAPINGS WERE SUPPOSED TO HAVE OCCURRED PRIOR TO THE ERECTION OF BARRICADES ALONG THE EAST BERLIN BORDER.

THE NOTES, ALSO RELAYED BY CZECHOSLOVAKIA, DEMANDED THAT THE ALLIES "TAKE ALL NECESSARY MEASURES TO BRING BACK THE CHILDREN AND PROSECUTE THE KIDNAPERSM"

EAST GERMANY CALLED THE TRANSFER OF THE 1,500-MAN 1ST BATTLE GROUP TO WEST BERLIN A PROVOCATION AND A VIOLATION OF INTERNATIONAL LAW.

ULBRICHT JOINED TITOV IN RATTLING THE RUSSIAN ROCKETS. HE POINTEDLY NOTED THAT THE ROCKET WHICH PUT TITOV IN SPACE LAST MONTH "EASILY COULD CARRY OTHER AND HEAVIER PAYLOADS FROM CONTINENT TO CONTINENT WITH THE GREATEST PRECISION."

THESE THREATS EVOKED NO OVERWHELMING ENTHUSIASM IN THE CROWD OF EAST BERLINERS ASSEMBLED IN THE OLD BERLIN LUSTGARTEN TO SEE TITOV.

TITOV WAS ONLY A MILE FROM THE BRANDENBURG GATE. THE BORDER OF FREE BERLIN AS HE SPOKE. LATER HE VISITED THE GATE AND LOOKED OVER THE BARBED WIRE WHICH SHUTS IT OFF FROM WEST BERLIN AND, INCIDENTALLY, THE RUSSIAN MONUMENT TO SOVIET WAR DEAD OUTSIDE THE GATE.

THERE WAS SPECULATION IN WEST BERLIN THAT THE COMMUNISTS MAY BE CONSIDERING OPENING THE BRANDENBURG GATE AS AN OFFICIAL ENTRY POINT. THE SHABBY WALL THEY HAVE BUILT THROUGH BERLIN STOPS BEFORE IT REACHES THE GREAT COLUMNS OF THE GATE.

ONLY A MASS OF BARBED WIRE ON THE PAVEMENT IN FRONT OF THE GATE STANDS BETWEEN IT AND THE WEST. A WEST GERMAN SAID HE SAW A SIGN INSIDE THE GATE APPARENTLY DESIGNED TO GUIDE WEST GERMANS TO AN OFFICE FOR ISSUING ENTRANCE PERMITS.

THE COMMUNISTS BEGAN TO BUILD A THIRD LINE OF BARBED WIRE AND EVEN A FOURTH AT STRATEGIC POINTS ALONG THE BORDER WITH WEST BERLIN TODAY. IN OTHER PLACES BARBED WIRE WAS BEING REPLACED BY THE CONCRETE WALL CROWNED WITH BARBED WIRE.

EAST GERMAN POLICE GRABBED TWO SWIMMERS IN THE HAVEL RIVER AND TOOK THEM AWAY. ONE WAS A WEST BERLINER, THE OTHER A VISITOR FROM WEST GERMANY. THE ZONAL BORDER RUNS ALONG THE MIDDLE OF THE RIVER AND THE TWO BATHERS APPARENTLY FLOATED INTO COMMUNIST WATERS.

AT REINICKENDORF IN THE FRENCH SECTOR, EAST GERMAN POLICE THREW A SMOKE BOMB INTO WEST BERLIN TERRITORY TO KEEP A PHOTOGRAPHER FROM TAKING A PICTURE. THE BOMB STARTED A GRASS FIRE WHICH BROUGHT THE WEST BERLIN FIRE DEPARTMENT. ~~W~~ < PED

A105

TITOV SEPARATE (230)

BY CARL HARTMAN

BERLIN, SEPT. 2 (AP)-THOUSANDS OF YOUNG EAST BERLINERS GOT A LOOK AT A SPACEMAN IN THE FLESH TODAY AND DIDN'T SEEM TERRIBLY INTERESTED.

EAST GERMANY BROUGHT MAJ. GHERMAN S. TITOV TO A MASS MEETING IN MARX-ENGELS PLATZ WHERE THE TEMPERATURE WAS 83 DEGREES IN THE SHADE. AND NO SHADE.

THE REVIEWING STAND WAS BRIGHT BLUE WITH THE UNIFORM SHIRTS OF THE COMMUNIST YOUNG PEOPLES' ORGANIZATION, THE "FREE GERMAN YOUTH." THERE ALSO WERE SPOTS OF DARK GREEN, UNITS OF SOVIET TROOPS.

THOUSANDS OF OTHER YOUNGSTERS CARRIED RED FLAGS AND HUGE PHOTOGRAPHS OF MAJOR TITOV PAST THE STAND. BUT WHEN THE HERO APPEARED, THE CHEERS WERE FEEBLE AND THE APPLAUSE PERFUNCTORY.

WALTER ULBRICHT, EAST GERMAN COMMUNIST LEADER, WON NOTHING THAT SOUNDED MUCH LIKE A CHEER.

HE PRAISED MRS. TITOV, SAYYING, "IT TAKES COURAGE TO BE MARRIED TO A SPACE PILOT." THIS BROUGHT A FEW LAUGHS, ABOUT AS FEEBLE AS THE CHEERS.

THEN ULBRICHT PLUNGED INTO A POLITICAL SPEECH WHICH SEEMED TO BORE THE CROWD. SOME LISTENED, BUT MOST CONVERSED IN WHISPERS, MOPPED THEIR BROWS AND LOOKED FOR A WAY OUT THROUGH THE POLICE LINES.

THE COMMUNIST TELEVISION COMMENTATOR ESTIMATED THE CROWD AT 200,000. TO WESTERN REPORTERS IT SEEMED MUCH SMALLER. BY THE TIME ULBRICHT AND TITOV HAD FINISHED SPEAKING, THERE WERE BIG EMPTY SPACES ON THE SQUARE.

THEN TITOV WENT TO THE SOVIET EMBASSY WHERE, THE EAST GERMAN NEWS AGENCY ADN SAID, HE SPOKE THERE OF "COSMONAUTS NO. 3 AND 4." ADN SAID THERE WAS "ENTHUSIASTIC APPLAUSE"--IN THE SOVIET EMBASSY.

G745PED

A127WX

(320) NIGHT LEAD JETS

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 2 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES TODAY ANNOUNCED IT IS SENDING FOUR SQUADRONS OF F100 JET FIGHTER-ATTACK PLANES--ABOUT 72 AIRCRAFT--TO EUROPE TO TAKE PART IN A NATO TRAINING EXERCISE KNOWN AS CHECKMATE.

THIS EXERCISE, SAID THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT, IS INTENDED "TO TEST DEFENSE CAPABILITIES OF NATO AIR, GROUND AND NAVAL FORCES."

JUST HOW LONG THE ASSIGNMENT OF THE JETS TO THE EXERCISES HAD BEEN UNDER CONSIDERATION WAS NOT DISCLOSED BUT WORD OF THE JET ASSIGNMENT FOLLOWED BY LESS THAN 24 HOURS A RUSSIAN ANNOUNCEMENT THAT IT WOULD CONDUCT COMBINED FLEET AND ROCKET MANEUVERS IN THE ARCTIC DURING SEPTEMBER AND OCTOBER.

AS LONG AS THE FOUR JET SQUADRONS ARE IN EUROPE, THEY WILL SERVE TO BOLSTER THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION FORCES AS THE CRISIS OVER THE FUTURE OF WEST BERLIN CONTINUES.

THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT DID NOT SAY WHEN THE JETS WILL TAKE OFF FOR EUROPE NOR WHEN THEY MIGHT RETURN.

KNOWN AS THE "SABRE JET" THE F100 HAS A SPEED OVER 800 MILES AN HOUR, CAN FLY ABOVE 50,000 FEET AND CAN CARRY EITHER CONVENTIONAL OR TACTICAL NUCLEAR BOMBS. THE PLANE WAS DESIGNED BOTH AS AN INTERCEPTOR AND ALSO FOR THE SUPPORT OF GROUND FORCES.

THE PLANE HAS A RANGE OF ABOUT 1,000 MILES WITHOUT REFUELING, SO FOR THE OVERWATER HOP ACROSS THE ATLANTIC TO EUROPE, TANKER PLANES WILL BE USED TO REFUEL THE JET SQUADRONS IN TRANSIT.

THE FOUR SQUADRONS, PART OF THE TACTICAL AIR COMMAND OF THE U.S. AIR FORCE, WHICH ARE GOING ABROAD, WILL BE:

THE 356TH FROM THE 354TH WING AT MYRTLE AIR FORCE BASE, S.C.

THE 614TH FROM THE 401ST WING AT ENGLAND AIR FORCE BASE, LA.

THE 429TH AND THE 523RD, OF THE 832ND AIR DIVISION AT CANNON AIR FORCE BASE, N.M.

THE NATO TRAINING EXERCISE IN WHICH THEY WILL TAKE PART HAS BEEN DESCRIBED BY GEN. LAURIS NORSTAD, SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER IN EUROPE, AS A ROUTINE TRAINING OPERATION. IT WILL INCLUDE AN AIRLIFT AND SUBSEQUENT TACTICAL EXERCISE IN TURKEY FOR ONE U.S. ARMY AIRBORNE BATTLE GROUP.

ABOUT 2,000 MEN WITH EQUIPMENT, WILL BE FLOWN ACROSS THE ATLANTIC BY THE TACTICAL AIR COMMAND AND THE MILITARY AIR TRANSPORT SERVICE.

THE EXERCISE WILL INCLUDE NAVAL, GROUND AND AIR FORCE UNITS OF GREECE, ITALY, TURKEY, AND THE UNITED STATES. BRITAIN WILL FURNISH UNITS FROM ITS ROYAL AIR FORCE.

AADM. C.R. BROWN, COMMANDER OF ALLIED FORCES IN SOUTHERN EUROPE, WILL CONDUCT THE EXERCISE.

SR852PED

A52WX

(300) BERLIN

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 2 (AP)-THE STATE DEPARTMENT RENEWED TODAY A WARNING TO U.S. PRIVATE CITIZENS AGAINST THE RISKS OF TRAVEL TO EAST GERMANY. IT SAID SUCH TRAVEL SHOULD BE UNDERTAKEN ONLY "FOR COMPELLING REASONS."

"IN VIEW OF RECENT EVENTS IN BERLIN," THE DEPARTMENT SAID IN A STATEMENT, "THE DEPARTMENT BELIEVES IT ADVISABLE TO REITERATE THE WARNING ON TRAVEL BY PRIVATE AMERICAN CITIZENS TO EAST GERMANY AND BERLIN WHICH IT ISSUED IN MAY, 1960."

OFFICIALS SAID THE STATEMENT DID NOT MEAN THAT U.S. PRIVATE CITIZENS SHOULD NOT GO TO WEST BERLIN. THEY POINTED OUT THAT THE 1960 ADVISORY WARNING, NOW RENEWED, DID SAY, HOWEVER, THAT AMERICANS GOING THERE WOULD USUSALLY FIND IT PREFERABLE TO GO BY AIR RATHER THAN BY SURFACE TRANSPORTATION. AIR TRAVELERS DO NOT REQUIRE EAST GERMAN VISAS WHEREAS THOSE WHO GO BY HIGHWAY OR RAIL ACROSS EAST GERMAN TERRITORY ARE REQUIRED TO HAVE EAST GERMAN TRAVEL PERMITS.

80.24-1549

THE STATEMENT ISSUED TODAY, AFTER RENEWING THE 1960 TRAVEL WARNING, SAID:

"SINCE THE UNITED STATES DOES NOT RECOGNIZE OR MAINTAIN DIPLOMATIC OR CONSULAR RELATIONS WITH THE SO-CALLED GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC, THE SOVIET PUPPET REGIME IN EAST GERMANY, IT IS NOT IN A POSITION TO EXTEND TO UNITED STATES CITIZENS TRAVELING THERE THE PROTECTION CUSTOMARILY AVAILABLE TO AMERICANS IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

"WHILE THERE ARE NO PASSPORT RESTRICTIONS ON TRAVEL BY UNITED STATES' CITIZENS TO EAST GERMANY AND THEY MAY ENCOUNTER NO DIFFICULTIES, THEY SHOULD, NEVERTHELESS, BE AWARE OF THE RISK WHICH THEY ARE UNDERTAKING.

"IT SHOULD BE EMPHASIZED THAT SUCH TRAVEL IS NOT RECOMMENDED EXCEPT FOR COMPELLING REASONS. IF IT IS NECESSARY TO ENTER EAST GERMANY, TRAVELERS SHOULD GET IN TOUCH WITH THE NEAREST AMERICAN CONSULAR OFFICE PRIOR TO GOING THERE."

CZ&SR325PED

A117

COBURG, GERMANY, SEPT. 2 (AP)-BAVARIAN BORDER POLICE TODAY REPORTED 101 REFUGEES SLIPPED THROUGH THE IRON CURTAIN BETWEEN EAST AND WEST GERMANY BETWEEN AUG. 13, THE DAY THE BERLIN BORDER WAS CLOSED, AND AUG. 31. THIS IS DOUBLE THE NUMBER THAT CROSSED TO SEEK REFUGE IN THE WEST DURING THE SAME PERIOD IN JULY.

THE FIGURES COVER ONLY THOSE REFUGEES COMING ACROSS THE BAVARIAN SECTION OF THE BORDER, THE SOUTHERN END OF THE 935-MILE BOUNDARY. FIGURES FOR REFUGEES COMING INTO OTHER WEST GERMAN STATES WERE NOT IMMEDIATELY AVAILABLE BUT BIG LABOR DETAILS ARE AT WORK PLUGGING LOOPHOLES IN THE BARBED WIRE.

G800PED

A118

(150)

BY CARL HARTMAN

BERLIN, SEPT. 2 (AP)-FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE ADOLF HITLER'S BODY WAS BURNED THERE 16 YEARS AGO, NO ONE CAN APPROACH THE GARDEN OF HIS "NEW CHANCELLERY."

THE EAST GERMAN PEOPLE'S ARMY HAS BUILT A BARBED WIRE FENCE AROUND ALL THAT REMAINS OF THE BUILDING--A GRASSY MOUND 15 FEET HIGH AND 150 FEET LONG SURROUNDED BY FLOWERS.

HALF A DOZEN COMMUNIST SOLDIERS WORKED ON THE FENCE WHILE TWO POLICEMEN WITH MACHINEGUNS STOOD GUAARD.

I WAS PAYING A CALL AT THE PRESS OFFICE OF THE EAST GERMAN COMMUNIST REGIME, JUST OPPOSITE GOEBBELS' OLD PROPAGANDA MINISTRY. WHILE WAITING, I STROLLED ACROSS THE STREET. THE POLICEMAN MOTIONED ME AWAY.

"YOU CAN'T GO OVER THERE, SIR," HE SAID POLITELY.

"WHY NOT?"

"IT'S CLOSED--OFF TERRITORY, BECAUSE OF THE BORDER."

THE PINKISH-GREY WALL THE COMMUNISTS HAVE BUILT THROUGH THE CITY LIES JUST BEYOND THE MOUND. EAST BERLINERS ARE KEPT 100 METERS (350 FEET) FROM THE WALL. IN APRIL 1945, ADOLF HITLER KILLED HIMSELF AND EVA BRAUN IN THE AIR RAID SHELTER UNDER THE CHANCELLERY.

G803PED

End Sept. 2, 1961